INTERIM FREE TRADE AGREEMENT

PREAMBLE

THE PARTIES,

DESIROUS to develop and strengthen the trade-economic cooperation, and, the scope of mutual trade exchange,

TAKING INTO ACCOUNT United Nations Security Council Resolution 1244 (1999) of 10 June 1999, authorizing the Security-General to establish an international civil presence in Kosovo, known as the United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK), and the authority of the Special Representative of the Secretary General (SRSG) derived from this Resolution, including his authority to conclude agreements with States and International Organizations in all matters within the scope of UNSCR 1244 (1999),

ACCORDING to the recommendations of the Stability Pact and Memorandum of trade liberalization of countries from Southeast Europe,

READY to deepen the economic cooperation, as well as to improve the development of trade cooperation, with aim to provide higher harmonization, expansion of structure and increasing the scope of mutual trade exchange,

CONSIDERING their intention to actively participate and to encourage the process of expanding of mutual trade relations in the process of regional cooperation and integration in Southeast Europe, and, expressing the readiness for participation in seeking ways and directions, with the aim to strengthen this process, and

RESOLVED for this aim, to eliminate gradually the obstacles for mutual trading in accordance with the provisions of General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT 1994), Article 24 point 5 of GATT 1994, and Marrakesh Agreement establishing World Trade Organization (WTO),

CONSIDERING that no provisions of the Interim Agreement may be interpreted, as the Parties may exempt from their obligations accepted with others international agreement, especially from General Agreement on Tariff and Trade (GATT 1994) and the Marrakesh Agreement establishing World Trade Organization (WTO),

have agreed the following:

ARTICLE 1 Objectives

- 1. The Parties shall gradually establish a free trade area in a transitional period ending on 31 December 2007 in accordance with the provisions of this Interim Agreement, and, in accordance with the provisions set out in Article XXIV of the GATT 1994 and the Marrakesh Agreement, establishing World Trade Organization (WTO).
- 2. The objectives of this Interim Agreement are:
- (a) to expand the mutual trading and to encourage harmonious development of economic relations between the Parties and to speed up the prosperity of their economic activities, raising of living standards and improving of possibilities for employment and increasing of productivity and of financial stability,
- (b) to provide fair conditions of competition for trade between economic entities of the Parties.
- (c) in this way, by removal of barriers to trade, to contribute towards harmonious growth, development and expansion of world trade,
- (d) to create conditions for further promotion of investments, particularly for the development of joint investment in both Parties and other higher forms of economic cooperation;
- (e) to promote joint trade activities of the Parties on third country markets.

CHAPTER I

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS

ARTICLE 2 Scope

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to industrial products, originating in the territory of one of the Parties. For the purpose of this Interim Agreement, the term "industrial products" means products falling within Chapters 25 to 97 of Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System with the exception of the products, listed in Annex I of this Interim Agreement.

ARTICLE 3 Basic Duties

1. For commercial exchanges, covered by this Interim Agreement, Customs Tariffs of both Parties shall apply for the classification of goods, imported in the territory of both Parties.

- 2. For each product, the basic duty to which reductions or eliminations set out in this Interim Agreement are to be applied, shall be the most-favoured nation duty in force on 1 January 2005, applicable by the Parties on the day of entry into force of this Interim Agreement.
- 3. If after the date of entry into force of this Interim Agreement, any tariff reduction is applied on an *erga omnes*, in particular reductions, resulting from the GATT 1994 and the Agreement establishing the WTO, such reduced duties shall replace the basic duties under Paragraph 1 from the date of application of such reduction.
- 4. The reduced duties, calculated in accordance with Paragraph 2, shall be rounded to the first decimal number.
- 5. The Parties shall mutually exchange information on their basic duties.

ARTICLE 4 Customs Duties on Imports

- 1. No new customs duties on imports shall be introduced in trade between the Parties from the date of entry into force of this Interim Agreement.
- 2. All customs duties on import of products originating in the territory of Kosovo shall be abolished with entry into force of this Interim Agreement.
- 3. All customs duties on import of products originating in the other Party shall be abolished with entry into force of this Interim Agreement, except for product set out in Annex II.

ARTICLE 5 Charges on Imports having Equivalent Effect to Customs Duties

- 1. No new charges on imports having equivalent effect to customs duties shall be introduced in trade between the Parties from the date of entry into force of this Interim Agreement.
- 2. All charges on imports, having equivalent effect to customs duties, shall be abolished on the date of entry into force of this Interim Agreement.

ARTICLE 6 Fiscal Custom Duties

The provisions of Article 5 shall also apply to customs duties of a fiscal nature.

ARTICLE 7 Customs Duties on Exports and Charges having Equivalent Effect

1. No new customs duties on exports or charges having equivalent effect shall be introduced in trade between the Parties as from the date of the entry into force of this Interim Agreement.

2. On the date of entry into force of this Interim Agreement, the Parties shall mutually abolish all customs duties on exports and charges having equivalent effect.

ARTICLE 8

Quantitative Restrictions on Exports and Imports and Measures having Equivalent Effect

- 1. No new quantitative restrictions on exports and imports or measures having equivalent effect shall be introduced in the trade between the Parties from the date of entry into force of this Interim Agreement.
- 2. All quantitative restrictions on exports and imports and measures having equivalent effect shall be abolished between the Parties with entry into force of this Interim Agreement.

ARTICLE 9 Technical Barriers to Trade

- 1. The rights and obligations of the Parties relating to standards or technical regulations and the respective measures shall correspond to those set out in the Agreement on Technical Barriers to Trade of WTO.
- 2. The Parties shall cooperate and exchange information in the field of standardization, metrology, determining of conformity assessment and accreditation, with the aim of decreasing technical barriers to trade.
- 3. Each Party, upon request from the other Party, shall submit information for particular standards, technical rules or similar measures.

CHAPTER II AGRICULTURAL, PROCESSED AGRICULTURAL AND FISHERY PRODUCTS

ARTICLE 10 Scope

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to agricultural products, originating in the territory of one of the Parties, falling within Chapters 1 to 24 of the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, including the products listed in Annex I of this Interim Agreement.

ARTICLE 11 Customs Duties on Imports and Charges having Equivalent Effect of Duties

1. The Parties declare their readiness to foster, as far as their agricultural policies allow, the harmonious development of trade in agricultural products, and to discuss this issue periodically within the Joint Committee.

- 2. Customs duties on import and charges having equivalent effect, which are applied to agricultural products originating in the territory of Kosovo shall be abolished on the date of entry into force of this Interim Agreement.
- 3. Customs duties on import and charges having equivalent effect, which are applied to agricultural products originating in the other Party shall be abolished on the date of entry into force of this Interim Agreement, except for the agricultural products specified in Annex III of this Interim Agreement.

ARTICLE 12 Agricultural Policies

- 1. Without prejudice to the Article 11 of this Interim Agreement, the provisions of this Chapter shall not restrict in any way the pursuance of the respective agricultural policies of the Parties or the application of any measures under such policies, including the implementation of the provisions of the WTO Agreement on Agriculture.
- 2. The Parties shall notify the Joint Committee of changes in their respective agricultural policies or measures applied, which may affect the conditions of agricultural trade among them, as provided for in this Interim Agreement. Upon request of a Party, prompt consultations within the Joint Committee shall be held to examine the situation.

ARTICLE 13 Specific Safeguards

Notwithstanding other provisions of this Interim Agreement and, in particular, Article 19, of this Interim Agreement, and given the particular sensitivity of agricultural products, if imports of products, originating in the territory of one Party, cause serious disturbances to the markets of the other Party, the Party concerned shall immediately initiate consultations to find an appropriate solution. Pending such solution, the Party concerned may take the measures it deems necessary.

ARTICLE 14 Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures

- 1. The Parties shall apply their domestic regulations in the field of veterinary medicine, sanitary and phytosanitary control and plants protection in a way, corresponding to the WTO Agreement on Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures.
- 2. The Parties shall exchange information with the authorized international institutions with respect to movement of infectious diseases of domestic animals and quarantine disease, harmers and weeds to the plants, as well as harmonize the necessary documents in trade exchange and transit of goods.
- 3. The Parties shall apply their regulations on veterinary medicine and health of plants and animals in a non-discriminatory manner and they shall not introduce new measures that lead to an unduly restriction of trade between them.
- 4. The Parties agree to conclude an agreement on cooperation in the field of Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures.

CHAPTER III

GENERAL PROVISIONS

ARTICLE 15 Internal Taxation

- 1. The Parties shall refrain from any measures or practices of internal fiscal nature establishing, whether directly or indirectly, discrimination between products, originating in the territory of either Party.
- 2. In relation to internal taxation on products originating in the territory of Kosovo, the other Party, will apply the national treatment rule for the import of cigarettes from January 1st, 2007.
- 3. Products exported into the territory of one of the Parties, may not benefit from repayment of internal taxes in excess of the amount of indirect taxes imposed on them.

ARTICLE 16 Structural Adjustment

- 1. Exceptional measures of limited duration, derogating from the provisions of Article 4 of this Interim Agreement, may be taken by any of the Parties in the form of increased customs duties.
- 2. These measures may only concern infant industries, or certain sectors undergoing restructuring or facing serious difficulties, particularly where these difficulties produce important social problems.
- 3. Customs duties on imports, applicable in the territory of the Party concerned to products, originating in the territory of the other Party, introduced by these measures may not exceed 25% ad valorem and shall maintain an element of preference for products, originating in the territory of the other Party. The total value of imports of the product, subject to these measures, may not exceed 15% of total imports of industrial products from the territory of the other Party, as set out in Article 4 of this Interim Agreement, during the last year for which statistical data is available.
- 4. The measures applied shall not exceed a period of three consecutive years, unless a longer duration is authorized by the Joint Committee.
- 5. The Party concerned shall inform the Joint Committee of any exceptional measures it intends to take. Upon request of the other Party, consultations shall be held within the Joint Committee on such measures and the sectors to which they apply, before they are applied. When taking these measures, the Party concerned shall provide the Joint Committee with a timetable for a gradual elimination of the customs duties introduced under this Article.

ARTICLE 17 Anti-Dumping and Countervailing Measures

Nothing in this Interim Agreement shall prejudice or affect in any way the taking, by either Party, of anti-dumping and countervailing measures in accordance with Article VI of the GATT 1994, the Agreement on Implementation of Article VI of the GATT 1944 and the Agreement on Subsidies and Countervailing Measures under the conditions and in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 21 of this Interim Agreement. The Parties shall refrain from unduly introducing subsidies to products.

ARTICLE 18 General Safeguards

Where a products is being imported into the territory of a Party in such increased quantities and under such conditions as to cause or shall threaten to cause:

- a) serious injuries to domestic producers of like or directly competitive products in the territory of the importing Party, or
- b) serious disturbances to any related sector of the economy which could bring about serious deterioration in the economic situation of a region;

the Party concerned may take appropriate measures in accordance with the provisions of the WTO Agreement for safeguards, and under the conditions and in accordance with the provisions, laid down in Article 21 of this Interim Agreement.

ARTICLE 19 Re-export and Serious Shortage

- 1. Where compliance with the provisions of Articles 7 and 8 of this Interim Agreement, leads to:
- a) Re-export towards a country or territory against which the exporting Party maintains for the product concerned quantitative export restrictions, export duties or charges having equivalent effect; or
 - b) a serious shortage, or threat thereof, of a product essential to the exporting Party;

and where the situations referred to above give rise, or are likely to give rise, to major difficulties for the exporting Party, that Party may take appropriate measures under the conditions and in accordance with the procedures, laid down in Article 21 of this Interim Agreement.

2. Measures, taken as a result of the situation referred to in paragraph 1 of this article, shall be applied in a non-discriminatory manner and be eliminated when conditions no longer justify their maintenance.

ARTICLE 20 Public Monopolies

- 1. The Parties shall adjust progressively any public monopoly of a commercial character so as to ensure that no discrimination regarding the conditions under which goods are procured and marketed exists between subjects of the Parties.
- 2. The Joint Committee shall be informed about the undertaken measures adopted to implement this objective.

ARTICLE 21 Procedure for the Application of Safeguard Measures

- 1. Before initiating the procedure for the application of safeguards measures, set out in the paragraphs of this Article, the Parties shall endeavor to solve any differences between them through direct consultations.
- 2. If a Party is a subject of imports of products, liable to give rise to the situation, referred to in Article 18 of this Interim Agreement, to an administrative procedure, the purpose of which is the rapid provision of information on the trend of trade flows, it shall inform the other Party.
- 3. Without prejudice to paragraph 7 of this Article, a Party, which considers resorting to safeguards measures, shall promptly notify the other Party thereof and supply all relevant information. Consultations between the Parties shall take place without delay in the Joint Committee, with a view to finding a mutually acceptable solution.

4. In reference to:

- a) Articles 17, 18, and 19 of this Interim Agreement, the Joint Committee shall examine the case of the situation and may take any decision needed to put an end to the difficulties notified by the Party concerned. In the case of absence of such decision within thirty days of the matter being referred to the Joint Committee, the Party concerned may adopt the measures necessary in order to remedy the situation,
- b) Article 35 of this Interim Agreement, the Party concerned may take appropriate measures after the consultations have been concluded or after a period of three months has elapsed from the date of the first notification to the other Party,
- c) Article 26 of this Interim Agreement, the Party concerned shall give the Joint Committee all the assistance required in order to examine the case and, where appropriate, eliminate the practice objected to. If the other Party fails to put an end to the practice objected to within the period fixed by the Joint Committee, or if the Joint Committee fails to reach an agreement within thirty working days on the matter, being referred to it, the Party concerned may adopt appropriate measures to deal with the difficulties, resulting from the practice in question.
- 5. The safeguard measures taken shall be notified immediately to the Joint Committee. They shall be limited, with regard to their extent and to their duration, to what is

strictly necessary to remedy the situation, giving rise to their application and shall not be in excess of the injury, caused by the practice or the difficulty in question. Priority shall be given to measures that will least disturb the functioning of this Interim Agreement.

- 6. The safeguard measures taken shall be an object of periodic consultations within the Joint Committee with a view to their relaxation or abolition when conditions no longer justify their maintenance.
- 7. Where exceptional circumstances, requiring immediate action, make prior examination impossible, the Party concerned may, in the cases of Articles 17, 18 and 19 to this Interim Agreement, apply forthwith the provisional measures, strictly necessary to remedy the situation. The measures shall be notified without delay and consultations between the Parties shall take place as soon as possible in the Joint Committee.

ARTICLE 22 General Exceptions

- 1. The Interim Agreement shall not preclude prohibitions or restrictions on import, export, or goods in transit justified on grounds of public morality, public policy or public security; the protection of health and life of humans, animals or plants, as well as protection of national treasures possessing artistic, historical or archaeological value; the protection of intellectual property, environmental protection or rules related to trading of gold or silver or the conservation of exhaustible natural resources, or radio active waste, if such measures are made effective in conjunction with restrictions on domestic consumption or production, and are in compliance with international agreements that the Parties have concluded.
- 2. Such prohibitions or restrictions shall not, however, constitute a means of arbitrary discrimination or disguised restriction on trade between the Parties.

ARTICLE 23 Security Exceptions

- 1. Nothing in this Interim Agreement shall prevent a Party from taking any measures, which it considers necessary:
 - a) to prevent the disclosure of information contrary to its essential security interests;
 - b) for the protection of its essential security interests or for the implementation of international obligations or national policies:
 - i) relating to control and non-proliferation of biological and chemical weapons, nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices;
 - relating to the traffic in arms, ammunition and implements of war, provided that such measures do not impair the conditions of competition in respect of products not intended for specifically military purposes, and to such traffic in other goods, materials and services as is carried on directly or indirectly for the purpose of supplying a military establishment; or

- taken in time of war or other serious international tension, constituting threat of war.
- 2. In accordance with regulations applicable in the territory of the Parties, their respective competent authorities shall issue import and export licenses for products, which are subject of a compulsory licensing regime under international agreements entered into by the concerned Party.
- 3. The Parties shall not exclude the application of supervision measures, as well as the control of the export and the import of goods, as well as the technologies in the scope of the international control of the origin of the Parties.

ARTICLE 24 Rules of Origin

Annex IV of this Interim Agreement lays down the rules of origin and related methods of administrative cooperation.

ARTICLE 25 Payments

- 1. Payments in freely convertible currencies relating to trade in goods between the Parties and the transfer of such payments to the territory of the Party, where the creditor resides, shall be free from any restrictions.
- 2. The Parties shall refrain from exchange or administrative restrictions on the grant, repayment and acceptance of short and medium term credits related to trade in goods in which a resident of a Party participates.
- 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 2, any measures concerning current payments connected with the movement of goods shall be in conformity with the conditions laid down under Article VIII to the Agreement of the International Monetary Fund.

ARTICLE 26 Rules of Competition Concerning Undertakings

- 1. The following are incompatible with the proper functioning of this Interim Agreement in so far as they may affect trade between the Parties:
 - a) all agreements between undertakings, decisions by associations of undertakings and concerted practices between undertakings which have as their object or effect the prevention, restriction or distortion of competition;
 - b) abuse by one or more undertakings of a dominant position in the territories of the Parties, as a whole or in substantial part thereof.
- 2. With respect to the provisions of the paragraph 1 (a) and (b) of this Article, the Parties will take measures in conformity with the procedures and under the conditions laid down in

relevant WTO rules. In case of any change in those procedures and/or conditions these changes will be applicable between the Parties.

- 3. If a Party considers that a particular practice is incompatible with paragraph 1 (a) and (b) of this Article, and;
- a) if it is not adequately dealt with under the rules referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article, or
- b) in the absence of such rules, if such practice causes or threatens to cause serious prejudice to the interest of that Party or material injury to its domestic industry, including its services industry, the Party concerned may take appropriate measures in accordance with Article 21 of this Interim Agreement.

ARTICLE 27 Public Aid

- 1. Any aid granted by a Party or through public resources in any form whatsoever which distorts or threatens to distort competition by favoring certain undertakings or the production of certain goods shall, in so far as it may affect trade between the Parties, be incompatible with the proper functioning of this Interim Agreement.
- 2. Each Party shall ensure transparency in the area of public aid. The Party shall provide, upon request of the other Party, information on individual cases of public aid.
- 3. If a Party considers that a particular practice, including that in agriculture:
 - is incompatible with the terms of paragraph 1, and
 - causes or threatens to cause serious prejudice to the interest of that Party or material injury to its domestic industry or agriculture,

it may take appropriate measures under the conditions of and in accordance with the provisions laid down in the Article 21 of this Interim Agreement.

4. Such appropriate measures may only be taken in conformity with the procedures and under the conditions laid down by the Agreement on Subsidies and Countervailing Measures, the GATT 1994 and WTO and any other relevant instrument negotiated under their auspices, which are applicable between the Parties.

ARTICLE 28 Balance-of-Payments Difficulties

Where one of the Parties is in serious balance-of-payments difficulties, or under imminent threat thereof, the Party concerned may, in accordance with the conditions established by WTO/GATT 1994, adopt restrictive measures, including measures related to imports, which shall be of limited duration and may not go beyond what is necessary to remedy the balance-of-payments situation. The measures shall be progressively relaxed as the balance-of-payments conditions improve, and they shall be eliminated when conditions no longer justify their maintenance. The Party concerned shall inform the other Party forthwith of their introduction and, whenever practicable, of a time schedule for their removal.

ARTICLE 29 Intellectual Property Rights

- 1. The Parties shall grant and ensure adequate and effective protection of intellectual property rights on a non-discriminatory basis, including effective measures for enforcing such rights.
- 2. For the purposes of this Interim Agreement, the term "protection of intellectual property rights" refers to "copyright and related rights, including computer programs and data bases, patents, trademarks, industrial design, geographical indications and appellation of origin of the product, new plants variety, topography of integrated circuits, undisclosed information including know-how".
- 3. The Parties confirm their readiness to accept the responsibilities resulting from the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights of the WTO, existing Annex I (c) of the Marrakesh Agreement establishing the WTO, as well as the other conventions for protection of the intellectual property rights, which are signed by both Parties.

Such protection shall be provided in accordance with the international conventions and treaties, which refer to the intellectual property rights, set out in Annex V of this Interim Agreement.

4. The principle of reciprocity and non-discrimination shall apply in case one or both Parties are not the Parties of the certain convention

ARTICLE 30 Public Procurement

- 1. The Parties consider the liberalization of their respective public procurement markets as an objective of this Interim Agreement. The Parties aim at opening up of the award of public contracts on the basis of non-discrimination and reciprocity.
- 2. The Parties will progressively develop their respective rules on public procurement and shall grant suppliers of the other Party access to contract award procedures on their respective public procurement markets not less favorable than that accorded to companies of any other country or territory.

ARTICLE 31 Services and Investment

The Parties recognize the growing importance of services and investments. In their efforts to gradually develop and broaden their co-operation, in particular in the context of the European Integration process, they will cooperate with the aim of achieving a progressive liberalization and mutual opening of their markets for investments and trade in services, taking into account relevant provisions of the General Agreement on Trade and Services of the WTO/GATS.

ARTICLE 32 Transit

The Parties shall provide free transit through the territory of each Party, in accordance with the established rules for international transit, for traffic in transit to or from the territory of the other Party. No distinctions shall be made which are based on the traffic, in relation to the place of origin, departure, entry, exit, or destination or on any circumstances relating to the ownership of goods or of other means of transport.

ARTICLE 33 The Joint Committee

- 1. The Parties agree to establish a Joint Committee in which each Party shall be represented.
- 2. The Joint Committee shall be responsible for ensuring the proper implementation of this Interim Agreement.
- 3. For the purpose of the proper implementation of this Interim Agreement, the Parties shall exchange information and within the Joint Committee review the possibility of further improvement of trade and economic relations between the Parties.

ARTICLE 34 Procedures of the Joint Committee

- 1. For the proper implementation of this Interim Agreement, the Joint Committee shall meet whenever necessary but at least once a year. Either Party may request a meeting to be held.
- 2. The Joint Committee shall adopt its rules of procedure, which shall, *inter alia*, contain provisions for convening meetings and for the designation of the Chairperson and his/her term of office.
- 3. The Joint Committee may decide to set up such sub-committees and working parties, as it deems necessary to assist it in accomplishing its tasks.

ARTICLE 35 Fulfillment of Obligations

- 1. The Parties shall take all necessary measures to ensure the achievement of the objectives and the fulfillment of the obligations under this Interim Agreement.
- 2. If either Party considers that the other Party has failed to fulfill an obligation under this Interim Agreement, the Party concerned may take the appropriate measures under the conditions and in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 21 of this Interim Agreement.

ARTICLE 36 Evolutionary Clause

Where a Party considers that it would be useful in the interest of the economies of the Parties to develop and deepen the relations established by this Interim Agreement by extending them to fields not covered thereby, it shall submit a reasoned request to the other Party. The Parties may instruct the Joint Committee to examine this request and, where appropriate, to make recommendations to them, particularly with a view to opening negotiations.

ARTICLE 37 Annexes

Annexes I, II, III, IV and V are an integral part of this Interim Agreement.

ARTICLE 38 Trade Relations regulated with Other Agreements

- 1. This Interim Agreement shall not prevent the maintenance or establishment of customs unions, free trade areas or frontier trade arrangements to the extent that these do not negatively affect the trade regime of the Parties and in particular the provisions, concerning rules of origin, provided for in this Interim Agreement.
- 2. Upon request the Parties shall inform each other of any agreement, establishing customs union or free trade areas.

ARTICLE 39 Amendments

The procedure for the adoption and entry into force of the amendments to this Interim Agreement, shall follow the procedure applied for the adoption and entry into force of this Interim Agreement.

ARTICLE 40 Validity and Termination

- 1. This Interim Agreement will cease to be valid on the date of the expiration of UNMIK's mandate under Decision of UN Security Council.
- 2. Each Party to this Interim Agreement may terminate this Interim Agreement, by means of a written notification to the other Party. The termination shall take effect on the first day of the sixth month following the date on which the notification was received by the other Party.
- 3. The Parties agree that in case of accession of the Party to the European Union, this Interim Agreement shall be terminated without successive compensation for the other Party, on the day before the date of accession to the EU.

ANNEX I (Refers to Articles 2 and 10 of this Interim Free Trade Agreement)

HS Code	Brief product description	
2905 43	Mannitol	
2905 44	D-glucitol (sorbitol)	
3301	Essential oils, resinoids	
3501 to 3505	Casein, caseinates, casein glues, albumins, albuminates, gelatin, glues of fish, other glues of animal origin, peptones and their derivatives, hide powder, dextrins and other modified starches, glues based on starches or on dextrins	
3809 10	Finishing agents, dye carriers to accelerate the dyeing or fixing of dyestuffs and other products and preparations	
3824 60	Sorbitol other than that of subheading 2905 44	
4101 to 4103	Raw hides and skins of bovine (including buffalo) or equine animals, sheeps or lambs; other raw hides and skins	
4301	Raw furskins	
5001 to 5003	Silk-worm cocoons suitable for reeling, raw silk and silk waste	
5101 to 5103	Wool, fine or coarse animal hair, waste of wool or coarse animal hairs	
5201 to 5203	Cotton and cotton waste	
5301	Flax, raw or processed but not spun; flax tow and waste (including yarn waste and garnetted stock)	
5302	True hemp (Cannabis sativa), raw or processed but not spun; tow and waste of true hemp (including yarn waste and garnetted stock)	

ANNEX II (Refers to Articles 1 and 4 of this Interim Free Trade Agreement)

Custom duties on import applied by UNMIK for the territory of Kosovo for industrial products originating in the other Party, shall be abolished with entry into force of this Interim Agreement, except for the product listed below for which custom duties shall be reduced in accordance with the following timetable:

- from 01.07.2005 <u>80%</u> of the basic custom duty
 from 01.01.2006 <u>70%</u> of the basic custom duty
 from 01.01.2007 <u>60%</u> of the basic custom duty
- from 01.01.2008 to 0%

Tariff	Description of products
number	
	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing by weight 70% or more of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations; waste oils

ANNEX III (Refers to Articles 1 and 11 of this Interim Free Trade Agreement)

Custom duties on import applied by UNMIK for the territory of Kosovo for agricultural products originating in the other Party, shall be abolished with entry into force of this Interim Agreement, except for the products listed below for which custom duties shall be reduced in accordance with the following timetable:

- from 01.07.2005 80% of the basic custom duty - from 01.01.2006 70% of the basic custom duty - from 01.01.2007 60% of the basic custom duty - from 01.01.2008 to 0%

Tariff number	Description of product
0407 00	Birds' eggs, in shell, fresh, preserved or cooked
	Of poultry
0407 00 30	Other
0703	Onion, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables,
	fresh or chilled
0703 10	- Onions and shallots
	Onions
0703 10 19	Other
0703 10 90	Shallots
0704	Cabbages, cauliflowers, kohlrabi, kale and similar edible
	brassicas, fresh or chilled
0704 90	-Other
0704 90 10	White cabbages and red cabbages
0709	Other vegetables, fresh or chilled
0709 60	- Fruits of the genus Capsicum or of the genus Pimenta
0709 60 10	Sweet peppers
	Other
0709 60 91	Of the genus Capsicum, for the manufacture of capsicin
	or capsicum oleoresin dyes
2204	Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines; grape must
	other than that of heading 2009

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concerning the definition of the concept of "originating products" and methods of administrative co-operation

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Annex V (e): Continuation of the implementation of the harmonized preferential rules of origin

Joint Declarations

Joint Declaration concerning the review of the changes to the origin rules as a result of the amendments to the Harmonized System

TITLE I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1

Definitions

For the purposes of this Annex:

- (a) "manufacture" means any kind of working or processing including assembly or specific operations;
- (b) "material" means any ingredient, raw material, component or part, etc., used in the manufacture of the product;
- (c) "product" means the product being manufactured, even if it is intended for later use in another manufacturing operation;
- (d) "goods" means both materials and products;
- (e) "customs value" means the value as determined in accordance with the 1994 Agreement on implementation of Article VII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (WTO Agreement on customs valuation);
- (f) "ex-works price" means the price paid for the product ex works to the manufacturer in the territory of Kosovo or in the territory of the other Party in whose undertaking the last working or processing is carried out, provided the price includes the value of all the materials used, minus any internal taxes which are, or may be, repaid when the product obtained is exported;
- (g) "value of materials" means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in the territory of Kosovo or in the territory of the other Party;
- (h) "value of originating materials" means the value of such materials as defined in subparagraph (g) applied mutatis mutandis;
- (i) "chapters" and "headings" mean the chapters and the headings (four-digit codes) used in the nomenclature which makes up the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, referred to in this Annex as "the Harmonised System" or "HS";
- (k) "classified" refers to the classification of a product or material under a particular heading;
- (l) "consignment" means products which are either sent simultaneously from one exporter to one consignee or covered by a single transport document covering their shipment from the exporter to the consignee or, in the absence of such a document, by a single invoice;
- (m) "territories" includes territorial waters.

TITLE II

DEFINITION OF THE CONCEPT OF "ORIGINATING PRODUCTS"

Article 2

General requirements

- 1. For the purpose of implementing this Interim Agreement, the following products shall be considered as originating in the territory of Kosovo:
- (a) products wholly obtained in the territory of Kosovo within the meaning of Article 5 of this Annex;
- (b) products obtained in the territory of Kosovo incorporating materials which have not been wholly obtained there, provided that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing in the territory of Kosovo within the meaning of Article 6 of this Annex;
- 2. For the purpose of implementing this Interim Agreement, the following products shall be considered as originating in the territory of the other Party:
- (a) products wholly obtained in the territory of the other Party within the meaning of Article 5 of this Annex;
- (b) products obtained in the territory of the other Party incorporating materials which have not been wholly obtained there, provided that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing in the territory of the other Party within the meaning of Article 6 of this Annex.

Bilateral cumulation of origin in the territory of Kosovo

Materials originating in the territory of the other Party shall be considered as materials originating in the territory of Kosovo when incorporated into a product obtained there. It shall not be necessary that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing, provided that they have undergone working or processing going beyond that referred to in Article 7 (1).

Article 4

Bilateral cumulation of origin in the territory of the other Party

Materials originating in the territory of Kosovo shall be considered as materials originating in the territory of the other Party when incorporated into a product obtained there. It shall not be necessary that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing, provided that they have undergone working or processing going beyond that referred to in Article 7 (1).

Article 5

Wholly obtained products

- 1. The following shall be considered as wholly obtained in the territory of Kosovo or in the territory of the other Party:
- (a) mineral products extracted from its soil or from its seabed;
- (b) vegetable products harvested there;
- (c) live animals born and raised there;
- (d) products from live animals raised there;
- (e) products obtained by hunting or fishing conducted there;

- (f) products of sea fishing and other products taken from the sea outside the territorial waters of the territory Kosovo or the territory of the other Party by its vessels;
- (g) products made aboard their factory ships exclusively from products referred to in (f);
- (h) used articles collected there fit only for the recovery of raw materials, including used tyres fit only for retreading or for use as waste;
- (i) waste and scrap resulting from manufacturing operations conducted there;
- (j) products extracted from marine soil or subsoil outside its territorial waters provided that it has sole rights to work that soil or subsoil;
- (k) goods produced there exclusively from the products specified in (a) to (j).
- 2. The terms "its vessels" and "its factory ships" in paragraph 1(f) and (g) shall apply only to vessels and factory ships:
- (a) which are registered or recorded in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party;
- (b) which sail under the flag of the territory of Kosovo or the other Party;
- (c) which are owned to an extent of at least 50 per cent by residents of the territory of Kosovo or nationals of the other Party, or by a company with its head office in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party, of which the manager or managers, Chairman of the Board of Directors or the Supervisory Board, and the majority of the members of such boards are residents of the territory of Kosovo or nationals of the other Party and of which, in addition, in the case of partnerships or limited companies, at least half the capital belongs to the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party or to public bodies, residents or, respectively, nationals of the territory of Kosovo or the other Party;
- (d) of which the master and officers are residents of the territory of Kosovo or nationals of the other Party;and
- (e) of which at least 75 per cent of the crew are residents of the territory of Kosovo or nationals of the other Party.

Sufficiently worked or processed products

1. For the purposes of Article 2, products, which are not wholly obtained are considered to be sufficiently worked or processed when the conditions set out in the list in Annex II (b) are fulfilled.

The conditions referred to above indicate, for all products covered by the Interim Agreement, the working or processing, which must be carried out on non-originating materials used in manufacturing and apply only in relation to such materials. It follows that if a product which has acquired originating status by fulfilling the conditions set out in the list is used in the manufacture of another product, the conditions applicable to the product in which it is incorporated do not apply to it, and no account shall be taken of the non-originating materials which may have been used in its manufacture.

- 2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, non-originating materials which, according to the conditions set out in the list, should not be used in the manufacture of a product may nevertheless be used, provided that:
- (a) their total value does not exceed 10 per cent of the ex-works price of the product;
- (b) any of the percentages given in the list for the maximum value of non-originating materials are not exceeded through the application of this paragraph.

This paragraph shall not apply to products falling within Chapters 50 to 63 of the Harmonized System.

3. Paragraphs 1 and 2 shall apply except as provided in Article 7.

Article 7

Insufficient working or processing

- 1. Without prejudice to paragraph 2, the following operations shall be considered as insufficient working or processing to confer the status of originating products, whether or not the requirements of Article 6 are satisfied:
- (a) preserving operations to ensure that the products remain in good condition during transport and storage;
- (b) breaking-up and assembly of packages;
- (c) washing, cleaning; removal of dust, oxide, oil, paint or other coverings;
- (d) ironing or pressing of textiles;
- (e) simple painting and polishing operations;
- (f) husking, partial or total bleaching, polishing, and glazing of cereals and rice;
- (g) operations to colour sugar or form sugar lumps;
- (h) peeling, stoning and shelling, of fruits, nuts and vegetables;
- (i) sharpening, simple grinding or simple cutting;
- (j) sifting, screening, sorting, classifying, grading, matching; (including the making-up of sets of articles);
- (k) simple placing in bottles, cans, flasks, bags, cases, boxes, fixing on cards or boards and all other simple packaging operations;
- (l) affixing or printing marks, labels, logos and other like distinguishing signs on products or their packaging;
- (m) simple mixing of products, whether or not of different kinds,
- (n) simple assembly of parts of articles to constitute a complete article or disassembly of products into parts;
- (o) a combination of two or more operations specified in (a) to (n);
- (p) slaughter of animals.
- 2. All operations carried out in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party on a given product shall be considered together when determining whether the working or processing undergone by that product is to be regarded as insufficient within the meaning of paragraph 1.

Article 8

Unit of qualification

1. The unit of qualification for the application of the provisions of this Annex shall be the particular product, which is considered as the basic unit when determining classification using the nomenclature of the Harmonized System.

It follows that:

(a) when a product composed of a group or assembly of articles is classified under the terms of the Harmonized System in a single heading, the whole constitutes the unit of qualification;

- (b) when a consignment consists of a number of identical products classified under the same heading of the Harmonized System, each product must be taken individually when applying the provisions of this Annex.
- 2. Where, under General Rule 5 of the Harmonized System, packaging is included with the product for classification purposes, it shall be included for the purposes of determining origin.

Accessories, spare parts and tools

Accessories, spare parts and tools dispatched with a piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle, which are part of the normal equipment and included in the price thereof or which are not separately invoiced, shall be regarded as one with the piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle in question.

Article 10

Sets

Sets, as defined in General Rule 3 of the Harmonized System, shall be regarded as originating when all component products are originating. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating products, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating, provided that the value of the non-originating products does not exceed 15 per cent of the ex-works price of the set.

Article 11

Neutral elements

In order to determine whether a product originates, it shall not be necessary to determine the origin of the following which might be used in its manufacture:

- (a) energy and fuel;
- (b) plant and equipment;
- (c) machines and tools;
- (d) goods which do not enter and which are not intended to enter into the final composition of the product.

TITLE III

TERRITORIAL REQUIREMENTS

Article 12

Principle of territoriality

1. The conditions for acquiring originating status set out in Title II must continue to be fulfilled at all times in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party.

- 2. If originating goods exported from the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party to another country are returned, they must be considered as non-originating, unless it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
- (a) the returning goods are the same as those that were exported; and
- (b) they have not undergone any operation beyond that necessary to preserve them in good condition while in that country or while being exported.

Direct transport

1. The preferential treatment provided for under the Interim Agreement applies only to products, satisfying the requirements of this Annex, which are transported directly between the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party. However, products constituting one single consignment may be transported through other territories with, should the occasion arise, trans-shipment or temporary warehousing in such territories, provided that they remain under the surveillance of the customs authorities in the country of transit or warehousing and do not undergo operations other than unloading, reloading or any operation designed to preserve them in good condition.

Originating products may be transported by pipeline across territory other than that of the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party.

- 2. Evidence that the conditions set out in paragraph 1 have been fulfilled shall be supplied to the customs authorities of the importing country by the production of:
- (a) a single transport document covering the passage from the exporting country through the country of transit; or
- (b) a certificate issued by the customs authorities of the country of transit:
 - (i) giving an exact description of the products;
 - (ii) stating the dates of unloading and reloading of the products and, where applicable, the names of the ships, or the other means of transport used; and
 - (iii) certifying the conditions under which the products remained in the transit country; or
- (c) failing these, any substantiating documents.

Article 14

Exhibitions

- 1. Originating products, sent for exhibition in a country and sold after the exhibition for importation into the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party shall benefit on importation from the provisions of the Interim Agreement provided it is shown to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
- (a) an exporter has consigned these products from the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party to the country in which the exhibition is held and has exhibited them there;
- (b) the products have been sold or otherwise disposed of by that exporter to a person in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party;

- (c) the products have been consigned during the exhibition or immediately thereafter in the state in which they were sent for exhibition;
- (d) the products have not, since they were consigned for exhibition, been used for any purpose other than demonstration at the exhibition.
- 2. A proof of origin must be issued or made out in accordance with the provisions of Title V and submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country in the normal manner. The name and address of the exhibition must be indicated thereon. Where necessary, additional documentary evidence of the conditions under which they have been exhibited may be required.
- 3. Paragraph 1 shall apply to any trade, industrial, agricultural or crafts exhibition, fair or similar public show or display which is not organised for private purposes in shops or business premises with a view to the sale of foreign products, and during which the products remain under customs control.

TITLE IV

DRAWBACK OR EXEMPTION

Article 15

(deleted)

TITLE V

PROOF OF ORIGIN

Article 16

General requirements

- 1. Products originating in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party shall, on importation into the other territory benefit from the Interim Agreement upon submission of either:
- (a) a movement certificate EUR.1, a specimen of which appears in Annex III (c); or
- (b) in the cases specified in Article 21 (1), a declaration, subsequently referred to as the "invoice declaration", given by the exporter on an invoice, a delivery note or any other commercial document which describes the products concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified; the text of the invoice declaration appears in Annex IV (d).
- 2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, originating products within the meaning of this Annex shall, in the cases specified in Article 26, benefit from the Interim Agreement without it being necessary to submit any of the documents referred to above.

Article 17

Procedure for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1

- 1. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting country on application having been made in writing by the exporter or, under the exporter's responsibility, by his authorised representative.
- 2. For this purpose, the exporter or his authorised representative shall fill out both the movement certificate EUR.1 and the application form, specimens of which appear in Annex III (c). These forms shall be completed in one of the languages in which this Interim Agreement is drawn up, as well in English language, and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting country. If they are hand-written, they shall be completed in ink in printed characters. The description of the products must be given in the box reserved for this purpose without leaving any blank lines. Where the box is not completely filled, a horizontal line must be drawn below the last line of the description, the empty space being crossed through.
- 3. The exporter applying for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1 shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the exporting country where the movement certificate EUR.1 is issued, all appropriate documents proving the originating status of the products concerned as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Annex.
- 4. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party and fulfil the other requirements of this Annex.
- 5. The customs authorities issuing movement certificates EUR.1 shall take any steps necessary to verify the originating status of the products and the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Annex. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check considered appropriate. They shall also ensure that the forms referred to in paragraph 2 are duly completed. In particular, they shall check whether the space reserved for the description of the products has been completed in such a manner as to exclude all possibility of fraudulent additions.
- 6. The date of issue of the movement certificate EUR.1 shall be indicated in Box 11 of the certificate
- 7. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities and made available to the exporter as soon as actual exportation has been effected or ensured.

Movement certificates EUR.1 issued retrospectively

- 1. Notwithstanding Article 17 (7), a movement certificate EUR.1 may exceptionally be issued after exportation of the products to which it relates if:
- (a) it was not issued at the time of exportation because of errors or involuntary omissions or special circumstances;
- (b) it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that a movement certificate EUR.1 was issued but was not accepted at importation for technical reasons.

- 2. For the implementation of paragraph 1, the exporter must indicate in his application the place and date of exportation of the products to which the movement certificate EUR.1 relates, and state the reasons for his request.
- 3. The customs authorities may issue a movement certificate EUR.1 retrospectively only after verifying that the information supplied in the exporter's application agrees with that in the corresponding file.
- 4. Movement certificates EUR.1 issued retrospectively must be endorsed with one of the following phrases:

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"ISSUED RETROSPECTIVELY",
"ДОПОЛНИТЕЛНО ИЗДАДЕНО",
"НАКНАДНО ИЗДАТО" or "NAKNADNO IZDATO",
"SHENOHET DUKSHEM".
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5. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 4 shall be inserted in the "Remarks" box of the movement certificate EUR.1.

Article 19

Issue of a duplicate movement certificate EUR.1

- 1. In the event of theft, loss or destruction of a movement certificate EUR.1, the exporter may apply to the customs authorities, which issued it for a duplicate made out on the basis of the export documents in their possession.
- 2. The duplicate issued in this way must be endorsed with one of the following words:

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"DUPLICATE",
"ДУПЛИКАТ",
"ДУПЛИКАТ" or "DUPLIKAT",
"DUPLIKATE"
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- 3. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 2 shall be inserted in the "Remarks" box of the duplicate movement certificate EUR.1.
- 4. The duplicate, which must bear the date of issue of the original movement certificate EUR.1, shall take effect as from that date.

Article 20

Issue of movement certificates EUR.1 on the basis of a proof of origin issued or made out previously

When originating products are placed under the control of a customs office in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party, it shall be possible to replace the original proof of origin by one or more movement certificates EUR.1 for the purpose of sending all or some of these products elsewhere within the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party. The

replacement movement certificate(s) EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs office under whose control the products are placed.

Article 20 a

Accounting segregation

- 1. Where considerable cost or material difficulties arise in keeping separate stocks of originating and non-originating materials, which are identical and interchangeable, the customs authorities may, at the written request of those concerned, authorise the so-called "accounting segregation" method to be used for managing such stocks.
- 2. This method must be able to ensure that, for a specific reference-period, the number of products obtained which could be considered as "originating" is the same as that which would have been obtained if there had been physical segregation of the stocks.
- 3. The customs authorities may grant such authorisation, subject to any conditions deemed appropriate.
- 4. This method is recorded and applied on the basis of the general accounting principles applicable in the country where the product was manufactured.
- 5. The beneficiary of this facilitation may issue or apply for proofs of origin, as the case may be, for the quantity of products, which may be considered as originating. At the request of the customs authorities, the beneficiary shall provide a statement of how the quantities have been managed.
- 6. The customs authorities shall monitor the use made of the authorisation and may withdraw it at any time whenever the beneficiary makes improper use of the authorisation in any manner whatsoever or fails to fulfil any of the other conditions laid down in this Annex.

Article 21

Conditions for making out an invoice declaration

- 1. An invoice declaration as referred to in Article 16 (1) (b) may be made out:
 - (a) by an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 22,
 - (b) by any exporter for any consignment consisting of one or more packages containing originating products whose total value does not exceed EUR 6000.
- 2. An invoice declaration may be made out if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party and fulfil the other requirements of this Annex.
- 3. The exporter making out an invoice declaration shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the exporting country, all appropriate documents proving the originating status of the products concerned as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Annex.
- 4. An invoice declaration shall be made out by the exporter by typing, stamping or printing on the invoice, the delivery note or another commercial document, the declaration, the text of which appears in Annex IV (d), using one of the linguistic versions set out in that Annex and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting country. If the declaration is hand-written, it shall be written in ink in printed characters.

- 5. Invoice declarations shall bear the original signature of the exporter in manuscript. However, an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 22 shall not be required to sign such declarations provided that he gives the customs authorities of the exporting country a written undertaking that he accepts full responsibility for any invoice declaration which identifies him as if it had been signed in manuscript by him.
- 6. An invoice declaration may be made out by the exporter when the products to which it relates are exported, or after exportation on condition that it is presented in the importing country no longer than two years after the importation of the products to which it relates.

Approved exporter

- 1. The customs authorities of the exporting country may authorise any exporter, hereinafter referred to as 'approved exporter', who makes frequent shipments of products under this Interim Agreement to make out invoice declarations irrespective of the value of the products concerned. An exporter seeking such authorisation must offer to the satisfaction of the customs authorities all guarantees necessary to verify the originating status of the products as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Annex.
- 2. The customs authorities may grant the status of approved exporter subject to any conditions, which they consider appropriate.
- 3. The customs authorities shall grant to the approved exporter a customs authorisation number which shall appear on the invoice declaration.
- 4. The customs authorities shall monitor the use of the authorisation by the approved exporter.
- 5. The customs authorities may withdraw the authorisation at any time. They shall do so where the approved exporter no longer offers the guarantees referred to in paragraph 1, no longer fulfils the conditions referred to in paragraph 2 or otherwise makes an incorrect use of the authorisation.

Article 23

Validity of proof of origin

- 1. A proof of origin shall be valid for four months from the date of issue in the exporting country, and must be submitted within the said period to the customs authorities of the importing country.
- 2. Proofs of origin which are submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country after the final date for presentation specified in paragraph 1 may be accepted for the purpose of applying preferential treatment, where the failure to submit these documents by the final date set is due to exceptional circumstances.
- 3. In other cases of belated presentation, the customs authorities of the importing country may accept the proofs of origin where the products have been submitted before the said final date.

Article 24

Submission of proof of origin

Proofs of origin shall be submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country in accordance with the procedures applicable in that country. The said authorities may require a translation of a proof of origin and may also require the import declaration to be accompanied by a statement from the importer to the effect that the products meet the conditions required for the implementation of the Interim Agreement.

Article 25

Importation by instalments

Where, at the request of the importer and on the conditions laid down by the customs authorities of the importing country, dismantled or non-assembled products within the meaning of General Rule 2(a) of the Harmonized System falling within Sections XVI and XVII or headings 7308 and 9406 of the Harmonized System are imported by instalments, a single proof of origin for such products shall be submitted to the customs authorities upon importation of the first instalment.

Article 26

Exemptions from proof of origin

- 1. Products sent as small packages from private persons to private persons or forming part of travellers' personal luggage shall be admitted as originating products without requiring the submission of a proof of origin, provided that such products are not imported by way of trade and have been declared as meeting the requirements of this Annex and where there is no doubt as to the veracity of such a declaration. In the case of products sent by post, this declaration can be made on the customs declaration CN22/CN23 or on a sheet of paper annexed to that document.
- 2. Imports which are occasional and consist solely of products for the personal use of the recipients or travellers or their families shall not be considered as imports by way of trade if it is evident from the nature and quantity of the products that no commercial purpose is in view.
- 3. Furthermore, the total value of these products shall not exceed EUR 500 in the case of small packages or EUR 1200 in the case of products forming part of travellers' personal luggage.

Article 27

Supporting documents

The documents referred to in Articles 17 (3) and 21 (3) used for the purpose of proving that products covered by a movement certificate EUR.1 or an invoice declaration can be considered as products originating in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party and fulfil the other requirements of this Annex may consist *inter alia* of the following:

- (a) direct evidence of the processes carried out by the exporter or supplier to obtain the goods concerned, contained for example in his accounts or internal book-keeping;
- (b) documents proving the originating status of materials used, issued or made out in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party where these documents are used in accordance with domestic law;

- (c) documents proving the working or processing of materials in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party, issued or made out in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party, where these documents are used in accordance with domestic law;
- (d) movement certificates EUR.1 or invoice declarations proving the originating status of materials used, issued or made out in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party in accordance with rules of origin which are identical to the rules in this Annex.

Preservation of proof of origin and supporting documents

- 1. The exporter applying for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1 shall keep for at least three years the documents referred to in Article 17 (3).
- 2. The exporter making out an invoice declaration shall keep for at least three years a copy of this invoice declaration as well as the documents referred to in Article 21 (3).
- 3. The customs authorities of the exporting country issuing a movement certificate EUR.1 shall keep for at least three years the application form referred to in Article 17 (2).
- 4. The customs authorities of the importing country shall keep for at least three years the movement certificates EUR.1 and the invoice declarations submitted to them.

Article 29

Discrepancies and formal errors

- 1. The discovery of slight discrepancies between the statements made in the proof of origin and those made in the documents submitted to the customs office for the purpose of carrying out the formalities for importing the products shall not *ipso facto* render the proof of origin null and void if it is duly established that this document does correspond to the products submitted.
- 2. Obvious formal errors such as typing errors on a proof of origin should not cause this document to be rejected if these errors are not such as to create doubts concerning the correctness of the statements made in this document.

Article 30

Amounts expressed in euro

- 1. For the application of the provisions of Article 21 (1)(b) and Article 26 (3) in cases where products are invoiced in a currency other than euro, amounts in the official currencies of the territory of Kosovo or the other Party equivalent to the amounts expressed in euro shall be fixed annually by each of the Parties concerned.
- 2. A consignment shall benefit from the provisions of Article 21 (1)(b) or Article 26(3) by reference to the currency in which the invoice is drawn up, according to the amount fixed by the country concerned.
- 3. The amounts to be used in any given official currency shall be the equivalent in that currency of the amounts expressed in euro as at the first working day of October and shall apply from 1

January the following year. The relevant authorities in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party shall be notified of the relevant amounts.

- 4. The relevant authority in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party may round up or down the amount resulting from the conversion into its official currency of an amount expressed in euro. The rounded-off amount may not differ from the amount resulting from the conversion by more than 5 per cent. The relevant authority in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party may retain unchanged its official currency equivalent of an amount expressed in euro if, at the time of the annual adjustment provided for in paragraph 3, the conversion of that amount, prior to any rounding-off, results in an increase of less than 15 per cent in the official currency equivalent. The official currency equivalent may be retained unchanged if the conversion would result in a decrease in that equivalent value.
- 5. The amounts expressed in euro shall be reviewed by the Joint Committee at the request of either Party. When carrying out this review, the Joint Committee shall consider the desirability of preserving the effects of the limits concerned in real terms. For this purpose, it may decide to modify the amounts expressed in euro.

TITLE VI

ARRANGEMENTS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE CO-OPERATION

Article 31

Mutual assistance

- 1. The customs authorities in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party shall provide each other with specimen impressions of stamps used in their customs offices for the issue of movement certificates EUR.1 and with the addresses of the customs authorities responsible for verifying those certificates and invoice declarations.
- 2. In order to ensure the proper application of this Annex, either Party shall assist each other, through the competent customs administrations, in checking the authenticity of the movement certificates EUR.1 or the invoice declarations and the correctness of the information given in these documents.

Article 32

Verification of proofs of origin

- 1. Subsequent verifications of proofs of origin shall be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the importing country have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of such documents, the originating status of the products concerned or the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Annex.
- 2. For the purposes of implementing the provisions of paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the importing country shall return the movement certificate EUR.1 and the invoice, if it has been submitted, the invoice declaration, or a copy of these documents, to the customs authorities of the exporting country giving, where appropriate, the reasons for the enquiry. Any documents and information obtained suggesting that the information given on the proof of origin is incorrect shall be forwarded in support of the request for verification.

- 3. The verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the exporting country. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check considered appropriate.
- 4. If the customs authorities of the importing country decide to suspend the granting of preferential treatment to the products concerned while awaiting the results of the verification, release of the products shall be offered to the importer subject to any precautionary measures judged necessary.
- 5. The customs authorities requesting the verification shall be informed of the results of this verification as soon as possible. These results must indicate clearly whether the documents are authentic and whether the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party and fulfil the other requirements of this Annex.
- 6. If in cases of reasonable doubt there is no reply within ten months of the date of the verification request or if the reply does not contain sufficient information to determine the authenticity of the document in question or the real origin of the products, the requesting customs authorities shall, except in exceptional circumstances, refuse entitlement to the preferences.

Dispute settlement

Where disputes arise in relation to the verification procedures of Article 32, which cannot be settled between the customs authorities requesting a verification and the customs authorities responsible for carrying out this verification or where they raise a question as to the interpretation of this Annex, they shall be submitted to the Joint Committee.

In all cases the settlement of disputes between the importer and the customs authorities of the importing country shall be under the legislation of the said country.

Article 34

Penalties

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who draws up, or causes to be drawn up, a document, which contains incorrect information for the purpose of obtaining a preferential treatment for products.

Article 35

Free zones

- 1. Either Party shall take all necessary steps to ensure that products traded under cover of a proof of origin which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territory, are not substituted by other goods and do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.
- 2. By means of an exemption to the provisions contained in paragraph 1, when products originating in the territory of Kosovo or the territory of the other Party are imported into a free zone under cover of a proof of origin and undergo treatment or processing, the authorities concerned shall issue a new movement certificate EUR.1 at the exporter's request, if the treatment or processing undergone is in conformity with the provisions of this Annex.

TITLE VII

FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 36

Amendments to the Annex

The Joint Committee may decide to amend the provision of this Annex.

Article 37

Customs Sub-Committee

- 1.The Customs Sub-Committee shall be set up, charged with carrying out administrative cooperation with a view to the correct and uniform application of this Annex and with carrying out any other task in the customs field which may be entrusted to it.
- 2. The Sub-Committee shall be composed of experts of either Party who are responsible for customs questions.

Article 38

Annexes

The Annexes I (a), II (b), III (c), IV (d) and V(e) to this Annex shall form an integral part thereof.

ANNEX I (a) TO ANNEX IV Introductory notes to the list in Annex II (b) to Annex IV

Note 1:

The list sets out the conditions required for all products to be considered as sufficiently worked or processed within the meaning of Article 6 of the Annex.

Note 2:

- 2.1. The first two columns in the list describe the product obtained. The first column gives the heading number or chapter number used in the Harmonized System and the second column gives the description of goods used in that system for that heading or chapter. For each entry in the first two columns a rule is specified in columns 3 or 4. Where, in some cases, the entry in the first column is preceded by an 'ex', this signifies that the rules in columns 3 or 4 apply only to the part of that heading as described in column 2.
- 2.2. Where several heading numbers are grouped together in column 1 or a chapter number is given and the description of products in column 2 is therefore given in general terms, the adjacent rules in columns 3 or 4 apply to all products which, under the Harmonized System, are classified in headings of the chapter or in any of the headings grouped together in column 1.
- 2.3. Where there are different rules in the list applying to different products within a heading, each indent contains the description of that part of the heading covered by the adjacent rules in columns 3 or 4.
- 2.4. Where, for an entry in the first two columns, a rule is specified in both columns 3 and 4, the exporter may opt, as an alternative, to apply either the rule set out in column 3 or that set out in column 4. If no origin rule is given in column 4, the rule set out in column 3 is to be applied.

Note 3:

3.1 The provisions of Article 6 of the Annex, concerning products having acquired originating status which are used in the manufacture of other products, shall apply, regardless of whether this status has been acquired inside the factory where these products are used or in another factory in the Parties.

Example:

An engine of heading 8407, for which the rule states that the value of the non-originating materials which may be incorporated may not exceed 40 per cent of the ex-works price, is made from "other alloy steel roughly shaped by forging" of heading ex 7224.

If this forging has been forged in the territory of Kosovo or in the territory of the other Party from a non-originating ingot, it has already acquired originating status by virtue of the rule for heading ex 7224 in the list. The forging can then count as originating in the value calculation for the engine, regardless of whether it was produced in the same factory or in another factory in the territory of Kosovo or in the territory of the other Party. The value of the non-originating ingot is thus not taken into account when adding up the value of the non-originating materials used.

- 3.2 The rule in the list represents the minimum amount of working or processing required and the carrying out of more working or processing also confers originating status; conversely, the carrying out of less working or processing cannot confer originating status. Thus, if a rule provides that non-originating material, at a certain level of manufacture may be used, the use of such material at an earlier stage of manufacture is allowed and the use of such material at a later stage is not.
- 3.3. Without prejudice to Note 3.2, where a rule uses the expression "Manufacture from materials of any heading", then materials of any heading(s) (even materials of the same description and heading

as the product) may be used, subject, however, to any specific limitations which may also be contained in the rule. However, the expression "Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading..." or "Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of the same heading as the product" means that materials of any heading(s) may be used, except those of the same description as the product as given in column 2 of the list.

3.4 When a rule in the list specifies that a product may be manufactured from more than one material, this means that one or more materials may be used. It does not require that all be used.

Example:

The rule for fabrics of headings 5208 to 5212 provides that natural fibres may be used and that chemical materials, among other materials, may also be used. This does not mean that both have to be used; it is possible to use one or the other, or both.

3.5 Where a rule in the list specifies that a product must be manufactured from a particular material, the condition obviously does not prevent the use of other materials which, because of their inherent nature, cannot satisfy the rule. (See also Note 6.2 below in relation to textiles).

Example:

The rule for prepared foods of heading 1904 which specifically excludes the use of cereals and their derivatives does not prevent the use of mineral salts, chemicals and other additives which are not products from cereals.

However, this does not apply to products which, although they cannot be manufactured from the particular material specified in the list, can be produced from a material of the same nature at an earlier stage of manufacture.

Example:

In the case of an article of apparel of ex Chapter 62 made from non-woven materials, if the use of only non-originating yarn is allowed for this class of article, it is not possible to start from non-woven cloth - even if non-woven cloths cannot normally be made from yarn. In such cases, the starting material would normally be at the stage before yarn - that is, the fibre stage.

3.6 Where, in a rule in the list, two percentages are given for the maximum value of non-originating materials that can be used, then these percentages may not be added together. In other words, the maximum value of all the non-originating materials used may never exceed the higher of the percentages given. Furthermore, the individual percentages must not be exceeded, in relation to the particular materials to which they apply.

Note 4:

- 1.1 The term "natural fibres" is used in the list to refer to fibres other than artificial or synthetic fibres. It is restricted to the stages before spinning takes place, including waste, and, unless otherwise specified, includes fibres that have been carded, combed or otherwise processed, but not spun.
- 1.2 The term "natural fibres" includes horsehair of heading 0503, silk of headings 5002 and 5003, as well as wool-fibres and fine or coarse animal hair of headings 5101 to 5105, cotton fibres of headings 5201 to 5203 and other vegetable fibres of headings 5301 to 5305.
- 1.3 The terms "textile pulp", "chemical materials" and "paper-making materials" are used in the list to describe the materials not classified in Chapters 50 to 63, which can be used to manufacture artificial, synthetic or paper fibres or yarns.
- 1.4 The term "man-made staple fibres" is used in the list to refer to synthetic or artificial filament tow, staple fibres or waste, of headings 5501 to 5507.

Note 5:

- 5.1 Where, for a given product in the list, reference is made to this Note, the conditions set out in column 3 shall not be applied to any basic textile materials used in the manufacture of this product and which, taken together, represent 10 per cent or less of the total weight of all the basic textile materials used. (See also Notes 5.3 and 5.4 below).
- 5.2 However, the tolerance mentioned in Note 5.1 may be applied only to mixed products which have been made from two or more basic textile materials.

The following are the basic textile materials:

- silk,
- wool,
- coarse animal hair,
- fine animal hair,
- horsehair,
- cotton,
- paper-making materials and paper,
- flax,
- true hemp,
- jute and other textile bast fibres,
- sisal and other textile fibres of the genus Agave,
- coconut, abaca, ramie and other vegetable textile fibres,
- synthetic man-made filaments,
- artificial man-made filaments,
- current conducting filaments,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polypropylene,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyester,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyamide.
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyacrylonitrile,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyimide,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polytetrafluoroethylene.
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of poly(phenylene sulphide),
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of poly(vinyl chloride),
- other synthetic man-made staple fibres,
- artificial man-made staple fibres of viscose,
- other artificial man-made staple fibres,
- yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped,
- yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyester, whether or not gimped,
- products of heading 5605 (metallized yarn) incorporating strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiched by means of a transparent or coloured adhesive between two layers of plastic film,
- other products of heading 5605.

Example:

A yarn of heading 5205, made from cotton fibres of heading 5203 and synthetic staple fibres of heading 5506, is a mixed yarn. Therefore, non-originating synthetic staple fibres that do not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp) may be used, provided that their total weight does not exceed 10 per cent of the weight of the yarn.

Example:

A woollen fabric of heading 5112, made from woollen yarn of heading 5107 and synthetic yarn of staple fibres of heading 5509, is a mixed fabric. Therefore, synthetic yarn which does not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp), or woollen yarn that does not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning) or a combination of the two, may be used, provided that their total weight does not exceed 10 per cent of the weight of the fabric.

Example:

Tufted textile fabric of heading 5802 made from cotton yarn of heading 5205 and cotton fabric of heading 5210 is only a mixed product if the cotton fabric is itself a mixed fabric being made from yarns classified in two separate headings or if the cotton yarns used are themselves mixtures.

Example:

If the tufted textile fabric concerned had been made from cotton yarn of heading 5205 and synthetic fabric of heading 5407, then, obviously, the yarns used are two separate basic textile materials and the tufted textile fabric is accordingly a mixed product.

- 5.3 In the case of products incorporating "yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped", this tolerance is 20 per cent in respect of this yarn.
- 5.4 In the case of products incorporating "strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiched by means of a transparent or colored adhesive between two layers of plastic film", this tolerance is 30 per cent in respect of this strip.

Note 6:

- 6.1 Where, in the list, reference is made to this Note, textile materials (with the exception of linings and interlinings), which do not satisfy the rule set out in the list in column 3 for the made-up product concerned, may be used, provided that they are classified in a heading other than that of the product and that their value does not exceed 8 per cent of the ex-works price of the product.
- 6.2 Without prejudice to Note 6.3, materials which are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63 may be used freely in the manufacture of textile products, whether or not they contain textiles.

Example:

If a rule in the list provides that for a particular textile item (such as trousers), yarn must be used, this does not prevent the use of metal items, such as buttons, because buttons are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63. For the same reason, it does not prevent the use of slide-fasteners even though slide-fasteners normally contain textiles.

6.3 Where a percentage rule applies, the value of materials which are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63 must be taken into account when calculating the value of the non-originating materials incorporated.

Note 7:

- 7.1 For the purposes of headings ex 2707, 2713 to 2715, ex 2901, ex 2902 and ex 3403, the "specific processes" are the following:
- a) vacuum distillation;
- b) redistillation by a very thorough fractionation process;
- c) cracking;

- d) reforming;
- e) extraction by means of selective solvents;
- f) the process comprising all of the following operations: processing with concentrated sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralization with alkaline agents; decolorization and purification with naturally active earth, activated earth, activated charcoal or bauxite;
- g) polymerization;
- h) alkylation;
- i) isomerization.
- 7.2 For the purposes of headings 2710, 2711 and 2712, the "specific processes" are the following:
- a) vacuum distillation;
- b) redistillation by a very thorough fractionation process;
- c) cracking;
- d) reforming;
- e) extraction by means of selective solvents;
- f) the process comprising all of the following operations: processing with concentrated sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralization with alkaline agents; decolorization and purification with naturally active earth, activated earth, activated charcoal or bauxite;
- g) polymerization;
- h) alkylation;
- i) isomerization;
- j) in respect of heavy oils of heading ex 2710 only, desulphurization with hydrogen resulting in a reduction of at least 85 per cent of the sulphur content of the products processed (ASTM D 1266-59 T method);
- k) in respect of products of heading 2710 only, deparaffining by a process other than filtering;
- l) in respect of heavy oils of heading ex 2710 only, treatment with hydrogen at a pressure of more than 20 bar and a temperature of more than 250°C with the use of a catalyst, other than to effect desulphurization, when the hydrogen constitutes an active element in a chemical reaction. The further treatment with hydrogen of lubricating oils of heading ex 2710 (e.g. hydrofinishing or decolorization) in order, more especially, to improve colour or stability shall not, however, be deemed to be a specific process;
- m) in respect of fuel oils of heading ex 2710 only, atmospheric distillation, on condition that less than 30 per cent of these products distils, by volume, including losses, at 300°C by the ASTM D 86 method;
- n) in respect of heavy oils other than gas oils and fuel oils of heading ex 2710 only, treatment by means of a high-frequency electrical brush-discharge;
- o) in respect of crude products (other than petroleum jelly, ozokerite, lignite wax or peat wax, paraffin wax containing by weight less than 0.75 per cent of oil) of heading ex 2712 only, de-oiling by fractional crystallization.
- 7.3 For the purposes of headings ex 2707, 2713 to 2715, ex 2901, ex 2902 and ex 3403, simple operations such as cleaning, decanting, desalting, water separation, filtering, colouring, marking, obtaining a sulphur content as a result of mixing products with different sulphur contents, or any combination of these operations or like operations, do not confer origin.

ANNEX II (b) TO ANNEX IV

List of working or processing required to be carried out on non-originating materials in order that the product manufactured can obtain originating status

The products mentioned in the list may not all be covered by the Interim Agreement. It is therefore necessary to consult the other parts of the Interim Agreement.

	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
HS heading No			
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
Chapter 1	Live animals	All the animals of Chapter 1 used must be wholly obtained	
Chapter 2	Meat and edible meat offal	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 1 and 2 used must be wholly obtained	
Chapter 3	Fish and crustaceans, molluses and other aquatic invertebrates	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 3 used must be wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 4	Dairy produce; birds' eggs; natural honey; edible products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 4 used must be wholly obtained	
0403	Buttermilk, curdled milk and cream, yoghurt, kephir and other fermented or acidified milk and cream, whether or not concentrated or containing added sugar or other sweetening matter or flavoured or containing added fruit, nuts or cocoa	Manufacture in which: - all the materials of Chapter 4 used must be wholly obtained; - any fruit juice (except those of pineapple, lime or grapefruit) of heading No 2009 used must already be originating; - the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 5	Products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 5 used must be wholly obtained	
ex 0502	Prepared pigs', hogs' or boars' bristles and hair	Cleaning, disinfecting, sorting and straightening of bristles and hair	
Chapter 6	Live trees and other plants; bulbs, roots and the like; cut flowers and ornamental foliage	Manufacture in which: - all the materials of Chapter 6 used must be wholly obtained; - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	
Chapter 7	Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 7 used must be wholly obtained	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
Chapter 8	Edible fruit and nuts; peel of citrus fruits or melons	Manufacture in which: - all the fruit and nuts used must be wholly obtained;	
		- the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the value of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 9	Coffee, tea, maté and spices; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 9 used must be wholly obtained	
0901	Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated; coffee husks and skins; coffee substitutes containing coffee in any proportion	Manufacture from materials of any heading	
0902	Tea, whether or not flavoured	Manufacture from materials of any heading	
ex 0910	Mixtures of spices	Manufacture from materials of any heading	
Chapter 10	Cereals	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 10 used must be wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 11	Products of the milling industry; malt; starches; inulin; wheat gluten; except for:	Manufacture in which all the cereals, edible vegetables, roots and tubers of heading No 0714 or fruit used must be wholly obtained	H
ex 1106	Flour, meal and powder of the dried, shelled leguminous vegetables of heading No 0713	Drying and milling of leguminous vegetables of heading No 0708	
Chapter 12	Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits; miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit; industrial or medicinal plants; straw and fodder	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 12 used must be wholly obtained	
1301	Lac; natural gums, resins, gumresins and oleoresins (for example, balsams)	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of heading No 1301 used may not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
1302	Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances, pectinates and pectates; agar-agar and other mucilages and thickeners, whether or not modified, derived from vegetable products:		
	- Mucilages and thickeners, modified, derived from vegetable products	Manufacture from non-modified mucilages and thickeners	
	- Other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
Chapter 14	Vegetable plaiting materials; vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 14 used must be wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 15	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their cleavage products; prepared edible fats; animal or vegetable waxes; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
1501	Pig fat (including lard) and poultry fat, other than that of heading No 0209 or 1503:		
	- Fats from bones or waste	Manufacture from materials of any heading except those of heading No 0203, 0206 or 0207 or bones of heading No 0506	
	- Other	Manufacture from meat or edible offal of swine of heading No 0203 or 0206 or of meat and edible offal of poultry of heading No 0207	
1502	Fats of bovine animals, sheep or goats, other than those of heading No 1503		
	- Fats from bones or waste	Manufacture from materials of any heading except those of heading No 0201, 0202, 0204 or 0206 or bones of heading No 0506	
	- Other	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 2 used must be wholly obtained	
1504	Fats and oils and their fractions, of fish or marine mammals, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified:		
	- Solid fractions	Manufacture from materials of any heading including other materials of heading No 1504	
	- Other	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used must be wholly obtained	
ex 1505	Refined lanolin	Manufacture from crude wool grease of heading No 1505	
1506	Other animal fats and oils and their fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified:		
	- Solid fractions	Manufacture from materials of any heading including other materials of heading No 1506	
	- Other	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 2 used must be wholly obtained	
1507 to 1515	Vegetable oils and their fractions:		

(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
	- Soya, ground nut, palm, copra, palm kernel, babassu, tung and oiticica oil, myrtle wax and Japan wax, fractions of jojoba oil and oils for technical or industrial uses other than the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption	Manufacture in which all th materials used are classified withi a heading other than that of th product	in	
	- Solid fractions, except for that of jojoba oil	Manufacture from other material of heading Nos 1507 to 1515	ls	
	- Other	Manufacture in which all the vegetable materials used must be wholly obtained		
1516	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, partly or	Manufacture in which:		
	wholly hydrogenated, inter- esterified, re-esterified or elaidinised, whether or not	- all the materials of Chapter used must be wholly obtained;	2	
	refined, but not further prepared	- all the vegetable materials use must be wholly obtained However, materials of headin Nos 1507, 1508, 1511 and 151 may be used	d. ig	
1517	Margarine; edible mixtures or preparations of animal or	Manufacture in which:		
	vegetable fats or oils or of fractions of different fats or oils of this Chapter, other than edible fats or oils or their fractions of	- all the materials of Chapters and 4 used must be wholl obtained;		
	heading No 1516	- all the vegetable materials use must be wholly obtained However, materials of headin Nos 1507, 1508, 1511 and 151 may be used	d. ig	
Chapter 16	Preparations of meat, of fish or of crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates	Manufacture from animals of Chapter 1. All the materials of Chapter 3 used must be wholl obtained	of	
ex Chapter 17	Sugars and sugar confectionery; except for:	Manufacture in which all th materials used are classified withi a heading other than that of th product	in	
ex 1701	Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form, containing added flavouring or colouring matter	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 usedoes not exceed 30% of the exworks price of the product	ed	
1702	Other sugars, including chemically pure lactose, maltose, glucose and fructose, in solid form; sugar syrups not containing added flavouring or colouring matter; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey; caramel:			
	- Chemically-pure maltose and fructose	Manufacture from materials of an heading including other materia of heading No 1702		

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- Other sugars in solid form, containing added flavouring or colouring matter	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the exworks price of the product	
	- Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used must already be originating	
ex 1703	Molasses resulting from the extraction or refining of sugar, containing added flavouring or colouring matter	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the exworks price of the product	
1704	Sugar confectionery (including white chocolate), not containing	Manufacture in which:	
	cocoa	- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		- the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 18	Cocoa and cocoa preparations	Manufacture in which:	
		- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		- the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product	
1901	Malt extract; food preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, not containing cocoa or containing less than 40 % by weight of cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or included; food preparations of goods of heading Nos 0401 to 0404, not containing cocoa or containing less than 5 % by weight of cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or included:		
	- Malt extract	Manufacture from cereals of Chapter 10	
	- Other	Manufacture in which:	
		- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		- the value of the materials of each of Chapters 4 and 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
1902	Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed (with meat or other substances) or otherwise prepared, such as spaghetti, macaroni, noodles, lasagne, gnocchi, ravioli, cannelloni; couscous, whether or not prepared:		
	- Containing 20 % or less by weight of meat, meat offal, fish, crustaceans or molluscs	Manufacture in which all the cereals and derivatives (except durum wheat and its derivatives) used must be wholly obtained	
	- Containing more than 20 % by weight of meat, meat offal, fish,	Manufacture in which:	
	crustaceans or molluscs	- all cereals and derivatives (except durum wheat and its derivatives) used must be wholly obtained;	
		- all the materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used must be wholly obtained	
1903	Tapioca and substitutes therefor prepared from starch, in the form of flakes, grains, pearls, siftings or similar forms	Manufacture from materials of any heading except potato starch of heading No 1108	
1904	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (for example,	Manufacture: - from materials not classified	
	corn flakes); cereals (other than maize (corn)) in grain form, or in the form of flakes or other	within heading No 1806;	
	worked grains (except flour and meal), pre-cooked, or otherwise prepared, not elsewhere specified or included	 in which all the cereals and flour (except durum wheat and its derivatives, and Zea indurata maize) used must be wholly obtained (¹); 	
		- in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product	
1905	Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa; communion wafers, empty cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products	Manufacture from materials of any heading except those of Chapter 11	
ex Chapter 20	Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants; except for:	Manufacture in which all the fruit, nuts or vegetables used must be wholly obtained	
ex 2001	Yams, sweet potatoes and similar edible parts of plants containing 5 % or more by weight of starch, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	

¹ The exception concerning "Zea indurata" maize is applicable until 31.12.2002.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 2004 and ex 2005	Potatoes in the form of flour, meal or flakes, prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
2006	Vegetables, fruit, nuts, fruit-peel and other parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallized)	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex- works price of the product	
2007	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit or nut purée and fruit or nut pastes, being cooked preparations, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		- the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2008	- Nuts, not containing added sugar or spirits	Manufacture in which the value of the originating nuts and oil seeds of heading Nos 0801, 0802 and 1202 to 1207 used exceeds 60 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	- Peanut butter; mixtures based on cereals; palm hearts; maize (corn)	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
	- Other except for fruit and nuts cooked otherwise than by steaming or boiling in water, not containing added sugar, frozen	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		- the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product	
2009	Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, unfermented and not containing added spirit, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		- the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 21	Miscellaneous edible preparations; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
2101	Extracts, essences and concentrates, of coffee, tea or maté and preparations with a basis of these products or with a basis of coffee, tea or maté; roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes, and extracts,	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
	essences and concentrates thereof	- all the chicory used must be wholly obtained	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
2103	Sauces and preparations therefor; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings; mustard flour and meal and prepared mustard:		
	- Sauces and preparations therefor; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, mustard flour or meal or prepared mustard may be used	
	- Mustard flour and meal and prepared mustard	Manufacture from materials of any heading	
ex 2104	Soups and broths and preparations therefor	Manufacture from materials of any heading except prepared or preserved vegetables of heading Nos 2002 to 2005	
2106	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which:	
		- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		- the value of the materials of each of Chapters 4 and 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 22	Beverages, spirits and vinegar; except for:	Manufacture in which:	
		- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		- all the grapes or any material derived from grapes used must be wholly obtained	
2202	Waters, including mineral waters and aerated waters, containing	Manufacture in which:	
	added sugar or other sweetening matter or flavoured, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit or vegetable juices	- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
	of heading No 2009	- the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product;	
		- any fruit juice used (except for pineapple, lime and grapefruit juices) must already be originating	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
2207	Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an alcoholic strength by volume of 80 % vol or higher; ethyl alcohol and other spirits, denatured, of any strength	Manufacture: - from materials not classified within headings Nos 2207 or 2208,	
		- in which all the grapes or any material derived from grapes used must be wholly obtained or if all the other materials used are already originating, arrack may be used up to a limit of 5 % by volume	
2208	Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an alcoholic strength by volume of less than 80 % vol; spirits, liqueurs and other spirituous beverages	Manufacture: - from materials not classified within headings Nos 2207 or 2208,	
		- in which all the grapes or any material derived from grapes used must be wholly obtained or if all the other materials used are already originating, arrack may be used up to a limit of 5 % by volume	
ex Chapter 23	Residues and waste from the food industries; prepared animal fodder; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 2301	Whale meal; flours, meals and pellets of fish or of crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates, unfit for human consumption	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used must be wholly obtained	
ex 2303	Residues from the manufacture of starch from maize (excluding concentrated steeping liquors), of a protein content, calculated on the dry product, exceeding 40 % by weight	Manufacture in which all the maize used must be wholly obtained	
ex 2306	Oil cake and other solid residues resulting from the extraction of olive oil, containing more than 3 % of olive oil	Manufacture in which all the olives used must be wholly obtained	
2309	Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding	Manufacture in which:	
		all the cereals, sugar or molasses, meat or milk used must already be originating;	
		- all the materials of Chapter 3 used must be wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 24	Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 24 used must be wholly obtained	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
2402	Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes, of tobacco or of tobacco substitutes	Manufacture in which at least 70 % by weight of the unmanufactured tobacco or tobacco refuse of heading No 2401 used must already be originating	
ex 2403	Smoking tobacco	Manufacture in which at least 70 % by weight of the unmanufactured tobacco or tobacco refuse of heading No 2401 used must already be originating	
ex Chapter 25	Salt; sulphur; earths and stone; plastering materials, lime and cement; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 2504	Natural crystalline graphite, with enriched carbon content, purified and ground	Enriching of the carbon content, purifying and grinding of crude crystalline graphite	
ex 2515	Marble, merely cut, by sawing or otherwise, into blocks or slabs of a rectangular (including square) shape, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Cutting, by sawing or otherwise, of marble (even if already sawn) of a thickness exceeding 25 cm	
ex 2516	Granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other monumental or building stone, merely cut, by sawing or otherwise, into blocks or slabs of a rectangular (including square) shape, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Cutting, by sawing or otherwise, of stone (even if already sawn) of a thickness exceeding 25 cm	
ex 2518	Calcined dolomite	Calcination of dolomite not calcined	
ex 2519	Crushed natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite), in hermetically-sealed containers, and magnesium oxide, whether or not pure, other than fused magnesia or dead-burned (sintered) magnesia	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite) may be used	
ex 2520	Plasters specially prepared for dentistry	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2524	Natural asbestos fibres	Manufacture from asbestos concentrate	
ex 2525	Mica powder	Grinding of mica or mica waste	
ex 2530	Earth colours, calcined or powdered	Calcination or grinding of earth colours	
Chapter 26	Ores, slag and ash	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 27	Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 2707	Oils in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the non-aromatic constituents, being oils similar to mineral oils obtained by distillation of high temperature coal tar, of which more than 65 % by volume distils at a temperature of up to 250 °C (including mixtures of petroleum spirit and benzole), for use as power or heating fuels	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (¹) or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	
ex 2709	Crude oils obtained from bituminous minerals	Destructive distillation of bituminous materials	
2710	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous materials, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing by weight 70 % or more of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous materials, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (²) or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	
2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (3) Or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	

For the special conditions relating to "specific processes" see Introductory Notes 7.1 and 7.3. For the special conditions relating to "specific processes" see Introductory Note 7.2. For the special conditions relating to "specific processes" see Introductory Note 7.2.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
2712	Petroleum jelly; paraffin wax, microcrystalline petroleum wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax, other mineral waxes, and similar products obtained by synthesis or by other processes, whether or not coloured	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (¹) Or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	
2713	Petroleum coke, petroleum bitumen and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous materials	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (²) or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	
2714	Bitumen and asphalt, natural; bituminous or oil shale and tar sands; asphaltites and asphaltic rocks	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (3) or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	
2715	Bituminous mixtures based on natural asphalt, on natural bitumen, on petroleum bitumen, on mineral tar or on mineral tar pitch (for example, bituminous mastics, cut-backs)	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (4) or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	

For the special conditions relating to "specific processes" see Introductory Note 7.2. For the special conditions relating to "specific processes" see Introductory Notes 7.1 and 7.3. For the special conditions relating to "specific processes" see Introductory Notes 7.1 and 7.3. For the special conditions relating to "specific processes" see Introductory Notes 7.1 and 7.3.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 28	Inorganic chemicals; organic or inorganic compounds of precious metals, of rare-earth metals, of radioactive elements or of isotopes; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 2805	"Mischmetall"	Manufacture by electrolytic or thermal treatment in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2811	Sulphur trioxide	Manufacture from sulphur dioxide	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 2833	Aluminium sulphate	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2840	Sodium perborate	Manufacture from disodium tetraborate pentahydrate	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 29	Organic chemicals; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 2901	Acyclic hydrocarbons for use as power or heating fuels	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (¹)	
		Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	

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For the special conditions relating to "specific processes" see Introductory Notes 7.1 and 7.3.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 2902	Cyclanes and cyclenes (other than azulenes), benzene, toluene, xylenes, for use as power or heating fuels	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (1) or	
		Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used, provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	
ex 2905	Metal alcoholates of alcohols of this heading and of ethanol	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 2905. However, metal alcoholates of this heading may be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
2915	Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of heading Nos 2915 and 2916 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 2932	- Internal ethers and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of heading No 2909 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
	- Cyclic acetals and internal hemiacetals and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Manufacture from materials of any heading	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
2933	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings Nos 2932 and 2933 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
2934	Nucleic acids and their salts; other heterocyclic compounds	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings Nos 2932, 2933 and 2934 used may not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 30	Pharmaceutical products; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	

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¹ For the special conditions relating to "specific processes" see Introductory Notes 7.1 and 7.3.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)	
3002	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic, prophylactic or diagnostic uses; antisera and other blood fractions and modified immunological products, whether or not obtained by means of biotechnological processes; vaccines, toxins, cultures of micro-organisms (excluding yeasts) and similar products:			
	- Products consisting of two or more constituents which have been mixed together for therapeutic or prophylactic uses or unmixed products for these uses, put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product		
	- Other			
	Human blood	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product		
	Animal blood prepared for therapeutic or prophylactic uses	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product		
	Blood fractions other than antisera, haemoglobin, blood globulins and serum globulins	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product		
	Haemoglobin, blood globulins and serum globulins	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product		
	Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product		
3003 and 3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading No 3002, 3005 or 3006):			

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- Obtained from amikacin of heading No 2941	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of heading No 3003 or 3004 may be used provided their value, taken together, does not exceed 20 % of the ex works price of the product	
	- Other	Manufacture in which:	
		- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of heading No 3003 or 3004 may be used provided their value, taken together, does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product;	
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex- works price of the product	
ex Chapter 31	Fertilizers; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3105	Mineral or chemical fertilizers containing two or three of the fertilizing elements nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium; other fertilizers; goods of this Chapter, in tablets or similar forms or in packages of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg, except for: - sodium nitrate - calcium cyanamide - potassium sulphate - magnesium potassium sulphate	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product; - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 32	Tanning or dyeing extracts; tannins and their derivatives; dyes, pigments and other colouring matter; paints and varnishes; putty and other mastics; inks; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3201	Tannins and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives	Manufacture from tanning extracts of vegetable origin	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
3205	Colour lakes; preparations as specified in Note 3 to this Chapter based on colour lakes (1)	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except headings Nos 3203, 3204 and 3205. However, materials from heading No 3205 may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 33	Essential oils and resinoids; perfumery, cosmetic or toilet preparations; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3301	Essential oils (terpeneless or not), including concretes and absolutes; resinoids; extracted oleoresins; concentrates of essential oils in fats, in fixed oils, in waxes or the like, obtained by enfleurage or maceration; terpenic by-products of the deterpenation of essential oils; aqueous distillates and aqueous solutions of essential oils	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including materials of a different "group" (2) in this heading. However, materials of the same group may be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 34	Soap, organic surface-active agents, washing preparations, lubricating preparations, artificial waxes, prepared waxes, polishing or scouring preparations, candles and similar articles, modelling pastes, "dental waxes" and dental preparations with a basis of plaster; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3403	Lubricating preparations containing less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (3) or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	
3404	Artificial waxes and prepared waxes:		

Note 3 to Chapter 32 says that these preparations are those of a kind used for colouring any material or used as ingredients in the manufacture of colouring preparations, provided they are not classified in another heading in Chapter 32.

A "group" is regarded as any part of the heading separated from the rest by a semi-colon.

For the special conditions relating to "specific processes" see Introductory Notes 7.1 and 7.3.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- With a basis of paraffin, petroleum waxes, waxes obtained from bituminous minerals, slack wax or scale wax	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	
	- Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except: - hydrogenated oils having the character of waxes of heading No 1516;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- fatty acids not chemically defined or industrial fatty alcohols having the character of waxes of heading No 3823;	
		- materials of heading No 3404	
		However, these materials may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 35	Albuminoidal substances; modified starches; glues; enzymes; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3505	Dextrins and other modified starches (for example, pregelatinised or esterified starches); glues based on starches, or on dextrins or other modified starches:		
	- Starch ethers and esters	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3505	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
	- Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of heading No 1108	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3507	Prepared enzymes not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 36	Explosives; pyrotechnic products; matches; pyrophoric alloys; certain combustible preparations	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 37	Photographic or cinematographic goods; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3701	Photographic plates and film in the flat, sensitized, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or textiles; instant print film in the flat, sensitized, unexposed, whether or not in packs:		
	- Instant print film for colour photography, in packs	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading No 3701 or 3702. However, materials from heading No 3702 may be used provided their value does not exceed 30 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
	- Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading No 3701 or 3702. However, materials from heading Nos 3701 and 3702 may be used provided their value, taken together, does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3702	Photographic film in rolls, sensitized, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or textiles; instant print film in rolls, sensitized, unexposed	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading No 3701 or 3702	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3704	Photographic plates, film paper, paperboard and textiles, exposed but not developed	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading Nos 3701 to 3704	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 38	Miscellaneous chemical products; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3801	- Colloidal graphite in suspension in oil and semi-colloidal graphite; carbonaceous pastes for electrodes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	- Graphite in paste form, being a mixture of more than 30 % by weight of graphite with mineral oils	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading No 3403 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 3803	Refined tall oil	Refining of crude tall oil	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3805	Spirits of sulphate turpentine, purified	Purification by distillation or refining of raw spirits of sulphate turpentine	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3806	Ester gums	Manufacture from resin acids	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3807	Wood pitch (wood tar pitch)	Distillation of wood tar	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3808	Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides, antisprouting products and plant-growth regulators, disinfectants and similar products, put up in forms or packings for retail sale or as preparations or articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, and flypapers)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the products	
3809	Finishing agents, dye carriers to accelerate the dyeing or fixing of dyestuffs and other products and preparations (for example, dressings and mordants), of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries, not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the products	
3810	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparations for soldering, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coatings for welding electrodes or rods	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the products	
3811	Anti-knock preparations, oxidation inhibitors, gum inhibitors, viscosity improvers, anti-corrosive preparations and other prepared additives, for mineral oils (including gasoline) or for other liquids used for the same purposes as mineral oils:		
	- Prepared additives for lubricating oil, containing petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading No 3811 used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- Other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
3812	Prepared rubber accelerators; compound plasticisers for rubber or plastics, not elsewhere specified or included; antioxidizing preparations and other compound stabilizers for rubber or plastics	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
3813	Preparations and charges for fire- extinguishers; charged fire- extinguishing grenades	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
3814	Organic composite solvents and thinners, not elsewhere specified or included; prepared paint or varnish removers	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
3818	Chemical elements doped for use in electronics, in the form of discs, wafers or similar forms; chemical compounds doped for use in electronics	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
3819	Hydraulic brake fluids and other prepared liquids for hydraulic transmission, not containing or containing less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
3820	Anti-freezing preparations and prepared de-icing fluids	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
3822	Diagnostic or laboratory reagents on a backing and prepared diagnostic or laboratory reagents, whether or not on a backing, other than those of heading No 3002 or 3006	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
3823	Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids; acid oils from refining; industrial fatty alcohols:		
	- Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids, acid oils from refining	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
	- Industrial fatty alcohols	Manufacture from materials of any heading including other materials of heading No 3823	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
3824	Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores; chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included:		
	- The following of this heading: Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores based on natural resinous products	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
	Naphthenic acids, their water insoluble salts and their esters		
	Sorbitol other than that of heading No 2905		
	Petroleum sulphonates, excluding petroleum sulphonates of alkali metals, of ammonium or of ethanolamines; thiophenated sulphonic acids of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, and their salts		
	Ion exchangers		
	Getters for vacuum tubes		
	Alkaline iron oxide for the purification of gas		
	Ammoniacal gas liquors and spent oxide produced in coal gas purification		
	Sulphonaphthenic acids, their water insoluble salts and their esters		
	Fusel oil and Dippel's oil		
	Mixtures of salts having different anions		
	Copying pastes with a basis of gelatin, whether or not on a paper or textile backing		
	- Other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
3901 to 3915	Plastics in primary forms, waste, parings and scrap, of plastic; except for heading Nos ex 3907 and 3912 for which the rules are set out below:		
	- Addition homopolymerization products in which a single monomer contributes more than 99 % by weight to the total polymer content	Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product (1)	
	- Other	Manufacture in which the value of the materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex- works price of the product (2)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3907	- Copolymer, made from polycarbonate and acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene copolymer (ABS)	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product (3)	
	- Polyester	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex- works price of the product and/or manufacture from polycarbonate of tetrabromo-(bisphenol A)	
3912	Cellulose and its chemical derivatives, not elsewhere specified or included, in primary forms	Manufacture in which the value of any materials classified in the same heading as the product does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	
3916 to 3921	Semi-manufactures and articles of plastics; except for headings Nos ex 3916, ex 3917, ex 3920 and ex 3921, for which the rules are set out below:		
	- Flat products, further worked than only surface-worked or cut into forms other than rectangular (including square); other products, further worked than only surface-worked	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 50% of the ex- works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product

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In the case of the products composed of materials classified within both heading Nos 3901 to 3906, on the one hand, and within heading Nos 3907 to 3911, on the other hand, this restriction only applies to that group of materials which predominates by weight in the product.

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In the case of the products composed of materials classified within both heading Nos 3901 to 3906, on the one hand, and within heading Nos 3907 to 3911, on the other hand, this restriction only applies to that group of materials which predominates by weight in the product.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- Other:		
	Addition homopolymerization products in which a single monomer contributes more than 99 % by weight to the total polymer content	Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product (¹)	
	Other	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex- works price of the product (2)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3916 and ex 3917	Profile shapes and tubes	Manufacture in which:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex- works price of the product;	exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of any materials classified within the same heading as the product does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 3920	- Ionomer sheet or film	Manufacture from a thermoplastic partial salt which is a copolymer of ethylene and metacrylic acid partly neutralized with metal ions, mainly zinc and sodium	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
	- Sheets of regenerated cellulose, polyamides or polyethylene	Manufacture in which the value of any materials classified in the same heading as the product does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 3921	Foils of plastic, metallized	Manufacture from highly transparent polyester foils with a thickness of less than 23 micron (³)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
3922 to 3926	Articles of plastics	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 40	Rubber and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	

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In the case of the products composed of materials classified within both heading Nos 3901 to 3906, on the one hand, and within heading Nos 3907 to 3911, on the other hand, this restriction only applies to that group of materials which predominates by weight in the product.

In the case of the products composed of materials classified within both heading Nos 3901 to 3906, on the one hand, and within heading Nos 3907 to 3911, on the other hand, this restriction only applies to that group of materials which predominates by weight in the product.

predominates by weight in the product.

The following foils shall be considered as highly transparent: foils, the optical dimming of which - measured according to ASTM-D 1003-16 by Gardner Hazemeter (i.e. Hazefactor) - is less than 2 %.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 4001	Laminated slabs of crepe rubber for shoes	Lamination of sheets of natural rubber	
4005	Compounded rubber, unvulcanised, in primary forms or in plates, sheets or strip	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used, except natural rubber, does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
4012	Retreaded or used pneumatic tyres of rubber; solid or cushion tyres, interchangeable tyre treads and tyre flaps, of rubber:		
	- Retreaded pneumatic, solid or cushion tyres, of rubber	Retreading of used tyres	
	- Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of heading No 4011 or 4012	
ex 4017	Articles of hard rubber	Manufacture from hard rubber	
ex Chapter 41	Raw hides and skins (other than furskins) and leather; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 4102	Raw skins of sheep or lambs, without wool on	Removal of wool from sheep or lamb skins, with wool on	
4104 to 4107	Leather, without hair or wool, other than leather of heading Nos 4108 or 4109	Retanning of pre-tanned leather or	
		Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
4109	Patent leather and patent laminated leather; metallised leather	Manufacture from leather of heading Nos 4104 to 4107 provided its value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 42	Articles of leather; saddlery and harness; travel goods, handbags and similar containers; articles of animal gut (other than silk worm gut)	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 43	Furskins and artificial fur; manufactures thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 4302	Tanned or dressed furskins, assembled:		
	- Plates, crosses and similar forms	Bleaching or dyeing, in addition to cutting and assembly of non-assembled tanned or dressed furskins	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- Other	Manufacture from non-assembled, tanned or dressed furskins	
4303	Articles of apparel, clothing accessories and other articles of furskin	Manufacture from non-assembled tanned or dressed furskins of heading No 4302	
ex Chapter 44	Wood and articles of wood; wood charcoal; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 4403	Wood roughly squared	Manufacture from wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of its bark or merely roughed down	
ex 4407	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm, planed, sanded or finger-jointed	Planing, sanding or finger-jointing	
ex 4408	Veneer sheets and sheets for plywood, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm, spliced, and other wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm, planed, sanded or finger-jointed	Splicing, planing, sanding or finger-jointing	
ex 4409	Wood continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or finger- jointed:		
	- Sanded or finger-jointed	Sanding or finger-jointing	
	- Beadings and mouldings	Beading or moulding	
ex 4410 to ex 4413	Beadings and mouldings, including moulded skirting and other moulded boards	Beading or moulding	
ex 4415	Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, of wood	Manufacture from boards not cut to size	
ex 4416	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood	Manufacture from riven staves, not further worked than sawn on the two principal surfaces	
ex 4418	- Builders' joinery and carpentry of wood	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, cellular wood panels, shingles and shakes may be used	
	- Beadings and mouldings	Beading or moulding	
ex 4421	Match splints; wooden pegs or pins for footwear	Manufacture from wood of any heading except drawn wood of heading No 4409	
ex Chapter 45	Cork and articles of cork; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
4503	Articles of natural cork	Manufacture from cork of heading No 4501	
Chapter 46	Manufactures of straw, of esparto or of other plaiting materials; basketware and wickerwork	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
Chapter 47	Pulp of wood or of other fibrous cellulosic material; recovered (waste and scrap) paper or paperboard	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 48	Paper and paperboard; articles of paper pulp, of paper or of paperboard; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 4811	Paper and paperboard, ruled, lined or squared only	Manufacture from paper-making materials of Chapter 47	
4816	Carbon paper, self-copy paper and other copying or transfer papers (other than those of heading No 4809), duplicator stencils and offset plates, of paper, whether or not put up in boxes	Manufacture from paper-making materials of Chapter 47	
4817	Envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards and correspondence cards, of paper or paperboard; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing an assortment of paper stationery	Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	
ex 4818	Toilet paper	Manufacture from paper-making materials of Chapter 47	
ex 4819	Cartons, boxes, cases, bags and other packing containers, of paper, paperboard, cellulose wadding or webs of cellulose fibres	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	
ex 4820	Letter pads	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 4823	Other paper, paperboard, cellulose wadding and webs of cellulose fibres, cut to size or shape	Manufacture from paper-making materials of Chapter 47	
ex Chapter 49	Printed books, newspapers, pictures and other products of the printing industry; manuscripts, typescripts and plans; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
4909	Printed or illustrated postcards; printed cards bearing personal greetings, messages or announcements, whether or not illustrated, with or without envelopes or trimmings	Manufacture from materials not classified within heading No 4909 or 4911	
4910	Calendars of any kind, printed, including calendar blocks:		
	- Calendars of the "perpetual" type or with replaceable blocks mounted on bases other than paper or paperboard	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex- works price of the product	
	- Other	Manufacture from materials not classified in heading No 4909 or 4911	
ex Chapter 50	Silk; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 5003	Silk waste (including cocoons unsuitable for reeling, yarn waste and garnetted stock), carded or combed	Carding or combing of silk waste	
5004 to ex 5006	Silk yarn and yarn spun from silk waste	Manufacture from (1):	
		 raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, 	
		- other natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper-making materials	
5007	Woven fabrics of silk or of silk waste:		
	- Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (2)	
	- Other	Manufacture from (³):	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
		- coir yarn,	
		- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper	
		or	
		Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the exworks price of the product	
ex Chapter 51	Wool, fine or coarse animal hair; horsehair yarn and woven fabric; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
5106 to 5110	Yarn of wool, of fine or coarse animal hair or of horsehair	Manufacture from (1):	
		- raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		- natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper-making materials	
5111 to 5113	Woven fabrics of wool, of fine or coarse animal hair or of horsehair:		
	- Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (²)	
	- Other	Manufacture from (³):	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
		- coir yarn,	
		- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper	
		or	
		Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5% of the ex- works price of the product	
ex Chapter 52	Cotton; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
5204 to 5207	Yarn and thread of cotton	Manufacture from (1):	
		raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper-making materials	
5208 to 5212	Woven fabrics of cotton:		
	- Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (2)	
	- Other	Manufacture from (³):	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
		- coir yarn,	
		- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper	
		or	
		Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the exworks price of the product	
ex Chapter 53	Other vegetable textile fibres; paper yarn and woven fabrics of paper yarn; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
5306 to 5308	Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres; paper yarn	Manufacture from (1):	
	nores, paper yani	- raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		- natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper-making materials	
5309 to 5311	Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres; woven fabrics of paper yarn:		
	- Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (2)	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- Other	Manufacture from (1):	
		- coir yarn,	
		- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper	
		or	
		Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the exworks price of the product	
5401 to 5406	Yarn, monofilament and thread of man-made filaments	Manufacture from (²):	
		- raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		- natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper-making materials	
5407 and 5408	Woven fabrics of man-made filament yarn:		
	- Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (3)	
	- Other	Manufacture from (⁴):	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
		- coir yarn,	
		- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper	
		or	
		Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex- works price of the product	
5501 to 5507	Man-made staple fibres	Manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp	
5508 to 5511	Yarn and sewing thread of man- made staple fibres	Manufacture from (1):	
		raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper-making materials	
5512 to 5516	Woven fabrics of man-made staple fibres:		
	- Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (²)	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- Other	Manufacture from (1):	
		- coir yarn,	
		- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper	
		or	
		Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5% of the exworks price of the product	
ex Chapter 56	Wadding, felt and non-wovens; special yarns; twine, cordage,	Manufacture from (²):	
	ropes and cables and articles thereof; except for:	- coir yarn,	
		- natural fibres,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper making materials	
5602	Felt, whether or not impregnated, coated, covered or laminated:		
	- Needleloom felt	Manufacture from (³):	
		- natural fibres,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	
		However:	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
		- polypropylene filament of heading No 5402,	
		- polypropylene fibres of heading No 5503 or 5506	
		or	
		- polypropylene filament tow of heading No 5501, of which the denomination in all cases of a single filament or fibre is less than 9 decitex,	
		may be used provided their value does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
	- Other	Manufacture from (1):	
		- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres made from casein, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	
5604	Rubber thread and cord, textile covered; textile yarn, and strip and the like of heading No 5404 or 5405, impregnated, coated, covered or sheathed with rubber or plastics:		
	- Rubber thread and cord, textile covered	Manufacture from rubber thread or cord, not textile covered	
	- Other	Manufacture from (²):	
		- natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper-making materials	
5605	Metallised yarn, whether or not gimped, being textile yarn, or	Manufacture from (³):	
	strip or the like of heading No 5404 or 5405, combined with metal in the form of thread, strip or powder or covered with metal	- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper-making materials	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5606	Gimped yarn, and strip and the like of heading No 5404 or 5405,	Manufacture from (1):	
	gimped (other than those of heading No 5605 and gimped	- natural fibres,	
	horsehair yarn); chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn); loop wale-yarn	man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		- paper-making materials	
Chapter 57	Carpets and other textile floor coverings:		
	- Of needleloom felt	Manufacture from (²):	
		- natural fibres, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	
		However:	
		- polypropylene filament of heading No 5402,	
		- polypropylene fibres of heading No 5503 or 5506	
		or	
		- polypropylene filament tow of heading No 5501, of which the denomination in all cases of a single filament or fibre is less than 9 decitex,	
		may be used provided their value does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
		Jute fabric may be used as a backing	
	- Of other felt	Manufacture from (³):	
		- natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- Other	Manufacture from (1):	
		- coir yarn or jute yarn,	
		- synthetic or artificial filament yarn,	
		- natural fibres, or	
		- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning	
		Jute fabric may be used as a backing	
ex Chapter 58	Special woven fabrics; tufted textile fabrics; lace; tapestries; trimmings; embroidery; except for:		
	- Combined with rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (2)	
	- Other	Manufacture from (³):	
		- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp,	
		or	
		Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex- works price of the product	
5805	Hand-woven tapestries of the types Gobelins, Flanders, Aubusson, Beauvais and the like, and needle-worked tapestries (for example, petit point, cross stitch), whether or not made up	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5810	Embroidery in the piece, in strips or in motifs	Manufacture in which:	
		- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex- works price of the product	
5901	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of books or the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buckram and similar stiffened textile fabrics of a kind used for hat foundations	Manufacture from yarn	
5902	Tyre cord fabric of high tenacity yarn of nylon or other polyamides, polyesters or viscose rayon:		
	- Containing not more than 90 % by weight of textile materials	Manufacture from yarn	
	- Other	Manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp	
5903	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with plastics, other than those of heading No 5902	Manufacture from yarn	
		Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, rasing, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex- works price of the product	
5904	Linoleum, whether or note cut to shape; floor coverings consisting of a coating or covering applied on a textile backing, whether or not cut to shape	Manufacture from yarn (1)	
5905	Textile wall coverings:		
	- Impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with rubber, plastics or other materials	Manufacture from yarn	
	- Other	Manufacture from (²):	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
		- coir yarn,	
		- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp,	
		or	
		Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex- works price of the product	
5906	Rubberized textile fabrics, other than those of heading No 5902:		
	- Knitted or crocheted fabrics	Manufacture from (1):	
		- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	
	- Other fabrics made of synthetic filament yarn, containing more than 90 % by weight of textile materials	Manufacture from chemical materials	
	- Other	Manufacture from yarn	
5907	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated, coated or covered; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths or the	Manufacture from yarn	
	like	Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, rasing, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex- works price of the product	

¹ For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5908	Textile wicks, woven, plaited or knitted, for lamps, stoves, lighters, candles or the like; incandescent gas mantles and tubular knitted gas mantle fabric therefor, whether or not impregnated:		
	- Incandescent gas mantles, impregnated	Manufacture from tubular knitter gas mantle fabric	d
	- Other	Manufacture in which all th materials used are classified within a heading other than that of th product	n
5909 to 5911	Textile articles of a kind suitable for industrial use:		
	- Polishing discs or rings other than of felt of heading No 5911	Manufacture from yarn or wast fabrics or rags of heading No 6310	
	- Woven fabrics, of a kind commonly used in papermaking or other technical uses, felted or not, whether or not impregnated or coated, tubular or endless with single or multiple warp and/or weft, or flat woven with multiple warp and/or weft of heading No 5911	polytetrafluoroethylene (²), yarn, multiple, of polyamide coated impregnated or covere with a phenolic resin, yarn of synthetic textile fibre of aromatic polyamides obtained by polycondensation of <i>m</i> -phenylenediamine an isophthalic acid,	d ss s, n d d ff

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory note 5. The use of this material is restricted to the manufacture of woven fabrics of a kind used in paper-making machinery. The use of this material is restricted to the manufacture of woven fabrics of a kind used in paper-making machinery. The use of this material is restricted to the manufacture of woven fabrics of a kind used in paper-making machinery.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- Other	copolyester monofilaments of a polyester and a resin of terephthalic acid and 1,4-cyclohexanediethanol and isophthalic acid, natural fibres, man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or chemical materials or textile pulp Manufacture from (¹): - coir yarn, - natural fibres, - man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	
Chapter 60	Knitted or crocheted fabrics	Manufacture from (²):	
		 natural fibres, man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or 	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	
Chapter 61	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, knitted or crocheted: Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form	Manufacture from yarn (3)(4)	
	- Other	Manufacture from (5):	
		- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. See Introductory Note 6.

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 62	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, not knitted or crocheted; except for:	Manufacture from yarn (1)(2)	
ex 6202, ex 6204, ex 6206, ex 6209 and ex 6211	Women's, girls' and babies' clothing and clothing accessories for babies, embroidered	Manufacture from yarn (³) or	
		Manufacture from unembroidered fabric provided the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product (4)	
ex 6210 and ex 6216	Fire-resistant equipment of fabric covered with foil of aluminized polyester	Manufacture from yarn (⁵) or	
		Manufacture from uncoated fabric provided the value of the uncoated fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product (6)	
6213 and 6214	Handkerchiefs, shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like:		
	- Embroidered	Manufacture from unbleached single yarn (7)(8)	
		or	
		Manufacture from unembroidered fabric provided the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product (9)	
	- Other	Manufacture from unbleached single yarn (10)(11)	
		or	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

See Introductory Note 6.
See Introductory Note 6.

See Introductory Note 6.

See Introductory Note 6.
See Introductory Note 6.
For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

See Introductory Note 6.

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For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

See Introductory Note 6.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
		Making up followed by printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted goods of heading Nos 6213 and 6214 used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex-works price of the product	
6217	Other made up clothing accessories; parts of garments or of clothing accessories, other than those of heading No 6212:		
	- Embroidered	Manufacture from yarn (1)	
		or	
		Manufacture from unembroidered fabric provided the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product (2)	
	- Fire-resistant equipment of fabric covered with foil of	Manufacture from yarn (3)	
	aluminized polyester	or	
		Manufacture from uncoated fabric provided the value of the uncoated fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product (4)	
	- Interlinings for collars and cuffs, cut out	Manufacture in which:	
		- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
	- Other	Manufacture from yarn (5)	
ex Chapter 63	Other made-up textile articles; sets; worn clothing and worn textile articles; rags; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
6301 to 6304	Blankets, travelling rugs, bed linen etc.; curtains etc.; other furnishing articles:		

See Introductory Note 6. See Introductory Note 6. See Introductory Note 6. See Introductory Note 6. See Introductory Note 6.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- Of felt, of nonwovens	Manufacture from (¹):	
		- natural fibres, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	
	- Other:		
	Embroidered	Manufacture from unbleached single yarn (²)(³)	
		or	
		Manufacture from unembroidered fabric (other than knitted or crocheted) provided the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	Other	Manufacture from unbleached single yarn (⁴)(⁵)	
6305	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods	Manufacture from (⁶):	
	lot the paviling of goods	- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	
6306	Tarpaulins, awnings and sunblinds; tents; sails for boats, sailboards or landcraft; camping goods:		
	- Of nonwovens	Manufacture from (7)(8):	
		- natural fibres, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	
	- Other	Manufacture from unbleached single yarn (9)(10)	
6307	Other made-up articles, including dress patterns	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

See Introductory Note 6.

For knitted or crocheted articles, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or assembling pieces of knitted or crocheted fabrics (cut out or knitted directly to shape), see Introductory Note 6.

See Introductory Note 6.

For knitted or crocheted articles, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or assembling pieces of knitted or crocheted fabrics (cut out or knitted directly to shape), see Introductory Note 6.
For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

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See Introductory Note 6.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
6308	Sets consisting of woven fabric and yarn, whether or not with accessories, for making up into rugs, tapestries, embroidered table cloths or serviettes, or similar textile articles, put up in packings for retail sale	Each item in the set must satisfy the rule which would apply to it if it were not included in the set. However, non-originating articles may be incorporated provided their total value does not exceed 15 % of the ex-works price of the set	
ex Chapter 64	Footwear, gaiters and the like; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading except for assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components of heading No 6406	
6406	Parts of footwear (including uppers whether or not attached to soles other than outer soles); removable in-soles, heel cushions and similar articles; gaiters, leggings and similar articles, and parts thereof	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 65	Headgear and parts thereof, except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
6503	Felt hats and other felt headgear, made from the hat bodies, hoods or plateaux of heading No 6501, whether or not lined or trimmed	Manufacture from yarn or textile fibres (¹)	
6505	Hats and other headgear, knitted or crocheted, or made up from lace, felt or other textile fabric, in the piece (but not in strips), whether or not lined or trimmed; hair-nets of any material, whether or not lined or trimmed	Manufacture from yarn or textile fibres (²)	
ex Chapter 66	Umbrellas, sun umbrellas, walking-sticks, seat-sticks, whips, riding-crops, and parts thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
6601	Umbrellas and sun umbrellas (including walking-stick umbrellas, garden umbrellas and similar umbrellas)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 67	Prepared feathers and down and articles made of feathers or of down; artificial flowers; articles of human hair	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 68	Articles of stone, plaster, cement, asbestos, mica or similar materials; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 6803	Articles of slate or of agglomerated slate	Manufacture from worked slate	

See Introductory Note 6.
See Introductory Note 6.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 6812	Articles of asbestos; articles of mixtures with a basis of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate	Manufacture from materials of any heading	
ex 6814	Articles of mica, including agglomerated or reconstituted mica, on a support of paper, paperboard or other materials	Manufacture from worked mica (including agglomerated or reconstituted mica)	
Chapter 69	Ceramic products	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 70	Glass and glassware; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 7003, ex 7004 and ex 7005	Glass with a non-reflecting layer	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7001	
7006	Glass of heading No 7003, 7004 or 7005, bent, edge-worked, engraved, drilled, enamelled or otherwise worked, but not framed or fitted with other materials:		
	- Glass-plate substrates, coated with a dielectric thin film, and of a semiconductor grade in accordance with SEMII-standards (1)	Manufacture from non-coated glass-plate substrate of heading No 7006	
	- Other	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7001	
7007	Safety glass, consisting of toughened (tempered) or laminated glass	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7001	
7008	Multiple-walled insulating units of glass	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7001	
7009	Glass mirrors, whether or not framed, including rear-view mirrors	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7001	
7010	Carboys, bottles, flasks, jars, pots, phials, ampoules and other containers, of glass, of a kind used for the conveyance or packing of goods; preserving jars of glass; stoppers, lids and other closures, of glass	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
	ciosaits, or giass	Cutting of glassware, provided the value of the uncut glassware does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	

 $^{^{1} \}hspace{0.5cm} \textbf{SEMII-Semiconductor Equipment and Materials Institute Incorporated}.$

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
7013	Glassware of a kind used for table, kitchen, toilet, office, indoor decoration or similar purposes (other than that of heading No 7010 or 7018)	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
		Cutting of glassware, provided the value of the uncut glassware does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
		or	
		Hand-decoration (with the exception of silk-screen printing) of hand-blown glassware, provided the value of the hand-blown glassware does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 7019	Articles (other than yarn) of glass fibres	Manufacture from:	
	notes	- uncoloured slivers, rovings, yarn or chopped strands, or	
		- glass wool	
ex Chapter 71	Natural or cultured pearls, precious or semi-precious stones, precious metals, metals clad with precious metal, and articles thereof; imitation jewellery; coin; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 7101	Natural or cultured pearls, graded and temporarily strung for convenience of transport	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 7102, ex 7103 and ex 7104	Worked precious or semi- precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed)	Manufacture from unworked precious or semi-precious stones	
7106, 7108 and 7110	Precious metals:		
	- Unwrought	Manufacture from materials not classified within heading No 7106, 7108 or 7110	
		or	
		Electrolytic, thermal or chemical separation of precious metals of heading No 7106, 7108 or 7110	
		or	
		Alloying of precious metals of heading No 7106, 7108 or 7110 with each other or with base metals	
	- Semi-manufactured or in powder form	Manufacture from unwrought precious metals	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 7107, ex 7109 and ex 7111	Metals clad with precious metals, semi-manufactured	Manufacture from metals clad with precious metals, unwrought	
7116	Articles of natural or cultured pearls, precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
7117	Imitation jewellery	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
		or	
		Manufacture from base metal parts, not plated or covered with precious metals, provided the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 72	Iron and steel; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
7207	Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7201, 7202, 7203, 7204 or 7205	
7208 to 7216	Flat-rolled products, bars and rods, angles, shapes and sections of iron or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading No 7206	
7217	Wire of iron or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from semi-finished materials of heading No 7207	
ex 7218, 7219 to 7222	Semi-finished products, flat- rolled products, bars and rods, angles, shapes and sections of stainless steel	Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading No 7218	
7223	Wire of stainless steel	Manufacture from semi-finished materials of heading No 7218	
ex 7224, 7225 to 7228	Semi-finished products, flat- rolled products, hot-rolled bars and rods, in irregularly wound coils; angles, shapes and sections, of other alloy steel; hollow drill bars and rods, of alloy or non- alloy steel	Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading No 7206, 7218 or 7224	
7229	Wire of other alloy steel	Manufacture from semi-finished materials of heading No 7224	
ex Chapter 73	Articles of iron or steel; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 7301	Sheet piling	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7206	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
7302	Railway or tramway track construction material of iron or steel, the following: rails, checkrails and rack-rails, switch blades, crossing frogs, point rods and other crossing pieces, sleepers (cross-ties), fish-plates, chairs, chair wedges, sole pates (base plates), rail clips, bedplates, ties and other material specialised for jointing or fixing rails	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7206	
7304, 7305 and 7306	Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, of iron (other than cast iron) or steel	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7206, 7207, 7218 or 7224	
ex 7307	Tube or pipe fittings of stainless steel (ISO No X5CrNiMo 1712), consisting of several parts	Turning, drilling, reaming, threading, deburring and sandblasting of forged blanks the value of which does not exceed 35 % of the ex-works price of the product	
7308	Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading No 9406) and parts of structures (for example, bridges and bridge-sections, lock-gates, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, doors and windows and their frames and thresholds for doors, shutters, balustrades, pillars and columns), of iron or steel; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of iron or steel	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, welded angles, shapes and sections of heading No 7301 may not be used	
ex 7315	Skid chain	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading No 7315 used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 74	Copper and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	
7401	Copper mattes; cement copper (precipitated copper)	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
7402	Unrefined copper; copper anodes for electrolytic refining	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
7403	Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought:		

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- Refined copper	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
	- Copper alloys and refined copper containing other elements	Manufacture from refined copper, unwrought, or waste and scrap of copper	
7404	Copper waste and scrap	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
7405	Master alloys of copper	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 75	Nickel and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which:	
	check is:	- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex- works price of the product	
7501 to 7503	Nickel mattes, nickel oxide sinters and other intermediate products of nickel metallurgy; unwrought nickel; nickel waste and scrap	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 76	Aluminium and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which:	
		- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex- works price of the product	
7601	Unwrought aluminium	Manufacture in which:	
		- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and	
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex- works price of the product	
		or	
		Manufacture by thermal or electrolytic treatment from unalloyed aluminium or waste and scrap of aluminium	
7602	Aluminium waste or scrap	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
ex 7616	Aluminium articles other than gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands) of aluminium wire, and expanded metal of aluminium	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product However, gauze, cloth, grill netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands) of aluminium wire, or expanded metal of aluminium may be used; - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the exceed so the content of t	r	
Chapter 77	Reserved for possible future use in the HS	works price of the product		
ex Chapter 78	Lead and articles thereof; except	Manufacture in which:		
-	for:	- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;		
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex- works price of the product		
7801	Unwrought lead:			
	- Refined lead	Manufacture from "bullion" or "work" lead	r	
	- Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, waste and scrap of heading No 7802 may not be used		
7802	Lead waste and scrap	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	ı	
ex Chapter 79	Zinc and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which:		
		- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;		
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex- works price of the product		
7901	Unwrought zinc	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, waste and scrap of heading No 7902 may not be used		
7902	Zinc waste and scrap	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	n	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 80	Tin and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex- works price of the product	
8001	Unwrought tin	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, waste and scrap of heading No 8002 may not be used	
8002 and 8007	Tin waste and scrap; other articles of tin	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
Chapter 81	Other base metals; cermets; articles thereof:		
	- Other base metals, wrought; articles thereof	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials classified within the same heading as the product used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	- Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 82	Tools, implements, cutlery, spoons and forks, of base metal; parts thereof of base metal; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
8206	Tools of two or more of the heading Nos 8202 to 8205, put up in sets for retail sale	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading Nos 8202 to 8205. However, tools of heading Nos 8202 to 8205 may be incorporated into the set provided their value does not exceed 15 % of the ex-works price of the set	
8207	Interchangeable tools for hand tools, whether or not power-operated, or for machine-tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, punching, tapping, threading, drilling, boring, broaching, milling, turning, or screwdriving), including dies for drawing or extruding metal, and rock drilling or earth boring tools	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8208	Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product	
ex 8211	Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives), other than knives of heading No 8208	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, knife blades and handles of base metal may be used	
8214	Other articles of cutlery (for example, hair clippers, butchers' or kitchen cleavers, choppers and mincing knives, paper knives); manicure or pedicure sets and instruments (including nail files)	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, handles of base metal may be used	
8215	Spoons, forks, ladles, skimmers, cake-servers, fish-knives, butter-knives, sugar tongs and similar kitchen or tableware	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, handles of base metal may be used	
ex Chapter 83	Miscellaneous articles of base metal; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 8302	Other mountings, fittings and similar articles suitable for buildings, and automatic door closers	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, the other materials of heading No 8302 may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 8306	Statuettes and other ornaments, of base metal	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, the other materials of heading No 8306 may be used provided their value does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 84	Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 8401	Nuclear fuel elements	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product (¹)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8402	Steam or other vapour generating boilers (other than central heating hot water boilers capable also of producing low pressure steam); super-heated water boilers	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
8403 and ex 8404	Central heating boilers other than those of heading No 8402 and auxiliary plant for central heating boilers	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading No 8403 or 8404	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
8406	Steam turbines and other vapour turbines	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8407	Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8408	Compression-ignition internal combustion piston engines (diesel or semi-diesel engines)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8409	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the engines of heading No 8407 or 8408	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8411	Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines	Manufacture in which:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not
		- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product	
8412	Other engines and motors	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	

¹ This rule shall apply until 31.12.2005.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 8413	Rotary positive displacement pumps	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
ex 8414	Industrial fans, blowers and the like	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
8415	Air conditioning machines, comprising a motor-driven fan and elements for changing the temperature and humidity, including those machines in which the humidity cannot be separately regulated	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8418	Refrigerators, freezers and other refrigerating or freezing equipment, electric or other; heat pumps other than air conditioning machines of heading No 8415	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product;	
		- the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	
ex 8419	Machines for wood, paper pulp and paperboard industries	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25 % of the ex-works price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8420	Calendering or other rolling machines, other than for metals or glass, and cylinders therefor	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	Manufacture in which the value all the materials used does r exceed 30 % of the ex-works pri of the product
		- where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8423	Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg	Manufacture in which:	Manufacture in which the value all the materials used does in
	or better), including weight operated counting or checking machines; weighing machine weights of all kinds	- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	exceed 25 % of the ex-works proof the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
8425 to 8428	Lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery	Manufacture:	Manufacture in which the value all the materials used does
		- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	exceed 30 % of the ex-works prof the product
		- where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8431 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex- works price of the product	
8429	Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers, mechanical shovels, excavators, shovel loaders, tamping machines and road rollers:		
	- Road rollers	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	- Other	Manufacture:	Manufacture in which the value all the materials used does exceed 30 % of the ex-works p of the product
		- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	
		- where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8431 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex- works price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8430	Other moving, grading, levelling, scraping, excavating, tamping, compacting, extracting or boring machinery, for earth, minerals or ores; pile-drivers and pile-extractors; snow-ploughs and snow-blowers	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- where, within the above limit, the value of the materials classified within heading No 8431 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 8431	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with road rollers	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8439	Machinery for making pulp of fibrous cellulosic material or for making or finishing paper or paperboard	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
		- where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25% of the ex-works price of the product	
8441	Other machinery for making up paper pulp, paper or paperboard, including cutting machines of all kinds	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8444 to 8447	Machines of these headings for use in the textile industry	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 8448	Auxiliary machinery for use with machines of headings Nos 8444 and 8445	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8452	Sewing machines, other than book-sewing machines of heading No 8440; furniture, bases and covers specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles:		

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- Sewing machines (lock stitch only) with heads of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg with motor	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	
		- where the value of all the non- originating materials used in assembling the head (without motor) does not exceed the value of the originating materials used;	
		- the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms used are already originating	
	- Other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8456 to 8466	Machine-tools and machines and their parts and accessories of headings Nos 8456 to 8466	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8469 to 8472	Office machines (for example, typewriters, calculating machines, automatic data processing machines, duplicating machines, stapling machines)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8480	Moulding boxes for metal foundry; mould bases; moulding patterns; moulds for metal (other than ingot moulds), metal carbides, glass, mineral materials, rubber or plastics	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8482	Ball or roller bearings	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
		the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
8484	Gaskets and similar joints of metal sheeting combined with other material or of two or more layers of metal; sets or assortments of gaskets and similar joints, dissimilar in composition, put up in pouches, envelopes or similar packings; mechanical seals	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8485	Machinery parts, not containing electrical connectors, insulators, coils, contacts or other electrical features, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 85	Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers, television image and sound recorders and reproducers, and parts and accessories of such articles; except for:	Manufacture in which - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8501	Electric motors and generators (excluding generating sets)	works price of the product Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8503 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex- works price of the product	
8502	Electric generating sets and rotary converters	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	Manufacture in which the value all the materials used does n exceed 30 % of the ex-works priof the product
		- where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8501 or 8503, taken together, are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 8504	Power supply units for automatic data-processing machines	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 8518	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers, whether or not mounted in their enclosures; audio-frequency electric amplifiers; electric sound amplifier sets	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	Manufacture in which the value all the materials used does n exceed 25 % of the ex-works prior of the product
		- where the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	
8519	Turntables (record-decks), record-players, cassette-players and other sound reproducing apparatus, not incorporating a sound recording device	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does nexceed 30% of the ex-works prior of the product
		 where the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8520	Magnetic tape recorders and other sound recording apparatus, whether or not incorporating a sound reproducing device	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- where the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	
8521	Video recording or reproducing apparatus, whether or not	Manufacture:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not
	incorporating a video tuner	- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- where the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	
8522	Parts and accessories suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of heading Nos 8519 to 8521	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8523	Prepared unrecorded media for sound recording or similar recording of other phenomena, other than products of Chapter 37	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8524	Records, tapes and other recorded media for sound or other similarly recorded phenomena, including matrices and masters for the production of records, but excluding products of Chapter 37:		
	- Matrices and masters for the production of records	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	- Other	Manufacture:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not
		- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	exceed 30 % of the ex-works pric of the product
		- where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8523 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex- works price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8525	Transmission apparatus for radio- telephony, radio-telegraphy, radio-broadcasting or television, whether or not incorporating reception apparatus or sound recording or reproducing apparatus; television cameras; still image video cameras and other video camera recorders	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; - where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
8526	Radar apparatus, radio navigational aid apparatus and radio remote control apparatus	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; - where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
8527	Reception apparatus for radio- telephony, radio-telegraphy or radio-broadcasting, whether or not combined, in the same housing, with sound recording or reproducing apparatus or a clock	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; - where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
8528	Reception apparatus for television, whether or not incorporating radio broadcast receivers or sound or video recording or reproducing apparatus; video monitors and video projectors	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; - where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
8529	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of heading Nos 8525 to 8528: - Suitable for use solely or principally with video recording or reproducing apparatus	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- Other	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	Manufacture in which the va all the materials used doe exceed 25 % of the ex-works of the product
		where the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	
8535 and 8536	Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits, or	Manufacture:	Manufacture in which the va
	for making connections to or in electrical circuits	- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	exceed 30 % of the ex-work of the product
		- where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8538 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex- works price of the product	
8537	Boards, panels, consoles, desks, cabinets and other bases,	Manufacture:	Manufacture in which the vall the materials used do
	equipped with two or more apparatus of heading No 8535 or 8536, for electric control or the distribution of electricity, including those incorporating	- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	exceed 30 % of the ex-work of the product
	instruments or apparatus of Chapter 90, and numerical control apparatus, other than switching apparatus of heading No 8517	- where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8538 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex- works price of the product	
ex 8541	Diodes, transistors and similar semi-conductor devices, except	Manufacture in which:	Manufacture in which the va
	wafers not yet cut into chips	- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	all the materials used do exceed 25 % of the ex-work of the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
8542	Electronic integrated circuits and microassemblies	Manufacture:	Manufacture in which the va
		- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	exceed 25 % of the ex-work of the product
		- where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8541 or 8542, taken together, are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex-works price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8544	Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable (including coaxial cable) and other insulated electric conductors, whether or not fitted with connectors; optical fibre cables, made up of individually sheathed fibres, whether or not assembled with electric conductors or fitted with connectors	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8545	Carbon electrodes, carbon brushes, lamp carbons, battery carbons and other articles of graphite or other carbon, with or without metal, of a kind used for electrical purposes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8546	Electrical insulators of any material	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8547	Insulating fittings for electrical machines, appliances or equipment, being fittings wholly of insulating materials apart from any minor components of metal (for example, threaded sockets) incorporated during moulding solely for purposes of assembly, other than insulators of heading No 8546; electrical conduit tubing and joints therefor, of base metal lined with insulating material	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8548	Waste and scrap of primary cells, primary batteries and electric accumulators; spent primary cells, spent primary batteries and spent electric accumulators; electrical parts of machinery or apparatus, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 86	Railway or tramway locomotives, rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings and parts thereof; mechanical (including electromechanical) traffic signaling equipment of all kinds; except for:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8608	Railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings; mechanical (including electro-mechanical) signalling, safety or traffic control equipment for railways, tramways, roads, inland waterways, parking facilities, port installations or airfields; parts of the foregoing	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 87	Vehicles other than railway or tramway rolling-stock, and parts and accessories thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8709	Works trucks, self-propelled, not fitted with lifting or handling equipment, of the type used in factories, warehouses, dock areas or airports for short distance transport of goods; tractors of the type used on railway station platforms; parts of the foregoing vehicles	Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8710	Tanks and other armoured fighting vehicles, motorized, whether or not fitted with weapons, and parts of such vehicles	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8711	Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without side-cars; side-cars: - With reciprocating internal combustion piston engine of a cylinder capacity:		
	Not exceeding 50 cc	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product; - where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product
	Exceeding 50 cc	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; - where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- Other	Manufacture: - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- where the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	
ex 8712	Bicycles without ball bearings	Manufacture from materials not classified in heading No 8714	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8715	Baby carriages and parts thereof	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
8716	Trailers and semi-trailers; other vehicles, not mechanically propelled; parts thereof	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
ex Chapter 88	Aircraft, spacecraft, and parts thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8804	Rotochutes	Manufacture from materials of any heading including other materials of heading No 8804	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
8805	Aircraft launching gear; deck- arrestor or similar gear; ground flying trainers; parts of the foregoing articles	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 89	Ships, boats and floating structures	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, hulls of heading No 8906 may not be used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 90	Optical, photographic, cinematographic, measuring, checking, precision, medical or surgical instruments and apparatus; parts and accessories thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
9001	Optical fibres and optical fibre bundles; optical fibre cables other than those of heading No 8544; sheets and plates of polarizing material; lenses (including contact lenses), prisms, mirrors and other optical elements, of any material, unmounted, other than such elements of glass not optically worked	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9002	Lenses, prisms, mirrors and other optical elements, of any material, mounted, being parts of or fittings for instruments or apparatus, other than such elements of glass not optically worked	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9004	Spectacles, goggles and the like, corrective, protective or other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 9005	Binoculars, monoculars, other optical telescopes, and mountings therefor, except for astronomical refracting telescopes and mountings therefor	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product;	
		- the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	
ex 9006	Photographic (other than cinematographic) cameras; photographic flashlight apparatus and flashbulbs other than electrically ignited flashbulbs	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product;	
		- the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
9007	Cinematographic cameras and projectors, whether or not incorporating sound recording or reproducing apparatus	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	Manufacture in which the value all the materials used does n exceed 30 % of the ex-works priof the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product;	
		- the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	
9011	Compound optical microscopes, including those for photomicrography, cinephotomicrography or	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other	Manufacture in which the value all the materials used does n exceed 30 % of the ex-works priof the product
	microprojection	than that of the product; - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product;	
		the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	
ex 9014	Other navigational instruments and appliances	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9015	Surveying (including photogrammetrical surveying), hydrographic, oceanographic, hydrological, meteorological or geophysical instruments and appliances, excluding compasses; rangefinders	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9016	Balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better, with or without weights	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9017	Drawing, marking-out or mathematical calculating instruments (for example, drafting machines, pantographs, protractors, drawing sets, slide rules, disc calculators); instruments for measuring length, for use in the hand (for example, measuring rods and tapes, micrometers, callipers), not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9018	Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary sciences, including scintigraphic apparatus, other electro-medical apparatus and sight-testing instruments:		

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
	- Dentists' chairs incorporating dental appliances or dentists' spittoons	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 9018	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
	- Other	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
9019	Mechano-therapy appliances; massage apparatus; psychological aptitude-testing apparatus; ozone therapy, oxygen therapy, aerosol therapy, artificial respiration or other therapeutic respiration	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
	apparatus	- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
9020	Other breathing appliances and gas masks, excluding protective masks having neither mechanical parts nor replaceable filters	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
9024	Machines and appliances for testing the hardness, strength, compressibility, elasticity or other mechanical properties of materials (for example, metals, wood, textiles, paper, plastics)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9025	Hydrometers and similar floating instruments, thermometers, pyrometers, barometers, hygrometers and psychrometers, recording or not, and any combination of these instruments	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9026	Instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking the flow, level, pressure or other variables of liquids or gases (for example, flow meters, level gauges, manometers, heat meters), excluding instruments and apparatus of heading No 9014, 9015, 9028 or 9032	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
9027	Instruments and apparatus for physical or chemical analysis (for example, polarimeters, refractometers, spectrometers, gas or smoke analysis apparatus); instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking viscosity, porosity, expansion, surface tension or the like; instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking quantities of heat, sound or light (including exposure meters); microtomes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9028	Gas, liquid or electricity supply or production meters, including calibrating meters therefor:		
	- Parts and accessories	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	- Other	Manufacture:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not
		- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- where the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	
9029	Revolution counters, production counters, taximeters, mileometers, pedometers and the like; speed indicators and tachometers, other than those of heading No 9014 or 9015; stroboscopes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9030	Oscilloscopes, spectrum analysers and other instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking electrical quantities, excluding meters of heading No 9028; instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting alpha, beta, gamma, X-ray, cosmic or other ionizing radiations	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9031	Measuring or checking instruments, appliances and machines, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter; profile projectors	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9032	Automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
9033	Parts and accessories (not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter) for machines, appliances, instruments or apparatus of Chapter 90	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 91	Clocks and watches and parts thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9105	Other clocks	Manufacture:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not
		- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- where the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	
9109	Clock movements, complete and assembled	Manufacture:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not
		- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- where the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	
9110	Complete watch or clock movements, unassembled or	Manufacture:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not
	partly assembled (movement sets); incomplete watch or clock movements, assembled; rough watch or clock movements	- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product;	exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 9114 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex- works price of the product	
9111	Watch cases and parts thereof	Manufacture in which:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not
		- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	
9112	Clock cases and cases of a similar type for other goods of this	Manufacture in which:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not
	Chapter, and parts thereof	- all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
9113	Watch straps, watch bands and watch bracelets, and parts thereof:		
	- Of base metal, whether or not gold- or silver-plated, or of metal clad with precious metal	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	- Other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 92	Musical instruments; parts and accessories of such articles	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 93	Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 94	Furniture; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions and similar stuffed furnishings; lamps and lighting fittings, not elsewhere specified or included; illuminated signs, illuminated name-plates and the like; prefabricated buildings; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 9401 and ex 9403	Base metal furniture, incorporating unstuffed cotton cloth of a weight of 300 g/m² or less	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified in a heading other than that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
		or	
		Manufacture from cotton cloth already made up in a form ready for use of heading No 9401 or 9403, provided:	
		- its value does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product;	
		- all the other materials used are already originating and are classified in a heading other than heading No 9401 or 9403	
9405	Lamps and lighting fittings including searchlights and spotlights and parts thereof, not elsewhere specified or included; illuminated signs, illuminated name-plates and the like, having a permanently fixed light source, and parts thereof not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9406	Prefabricated buildings	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 95	Toys, games and sports requisites; parts and accessories thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
9503	Other toys; reduced-size ("scale") models and similar recreational models, working or not; puzzles of all kinds	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex- works price of the product	
ex 9506	Golf clubs and parts thereof	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, roughly shaped blocks for making golf club heads may be used	
ex Chapter 96	Miscellaneous manufactured articles; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 9601 and ex 9602	Articles of animal, vegetable or mineral carving materials	Manufacture from "worked" carving materials of the same heading	
ex 9603	Brooms and brushes (except for besoms and the like and brushes made from marten or squirrel hair), hand-operated mechanical floor sweepers, not motorized, paint pads and rollers, squeegees and mops	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9605	Travel sets for personal toilet, sewing or shoe or clothes cleaning	Each item in the set must satisfy the rule, which would apply to it if it were not included in the set. However, non-originating articles may be incorporated, provided their total value does not exceed 15% of the ex-works price of the set	
9606	Buttons, press-fasteners, snap- fasteners and press-studs, button moulds and other parts of these articles; button blanks	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
9608	Ball-point pens; felt-tipped and other porous-tipped pens and markers; fountain pens, stylograph pens and other pens; duplicating stylos; propelling or sliding pencils; pen-holders, pencil-holders and similar holders; parts (including caps and clips) of the foregoing articles, other than those of heading No 9609	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, nibs or nibpoints classified within the same heading may be used		
9612	Typewriter or similar ribbons, inked or otherwise prepared for giving impressions, whether or not on spools or in cartridges; ink-pads, whether or not inked, with or without boxes	Manufacture in which: - all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product		
ex 9613	Lighters with piezo-igniter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading No 9613 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product		
ex 9614	Smoking pipes and pipe bowls	Manufacture from roughly shaped blocks		
Chapter 97	Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product"		

ANNEX III (c) TO ANNEX IV

MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE EUR.1 AND APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE EUR.1

Printing Instructions:

- 1. Each form shall measure 210 x 297 mm; a tolerance of up to minus 5 mm or plus 8 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper used must be white, sized for writing, not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 25 g/m2. It shall have a printed green guilloche pattern background making any falsification by mechanical or chemical means apparent to the eye.
- 2. The competent authorities in the territory of Kosovo or in the territory of the other Party may reserve the right to print the certificates themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case each form must include a reference to such approval. Each form must bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified. It shall also bear a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

VEMENT CERTIFICATE			
2. Certificate	used in prefere	ential trade between	
		and	
(Insert	appropriate countrie	s, groups or countries or terr	itories)
or territory products a	in which the	or territory of	o of countries destination
7. Remarks			
kind of packages (¹); Descripti	on of goods	9. Gross mass (kg) or other measure (litres, m³, etc.)	10. Invoices (Optional)
	12. DECLAR	RATION BY THE EXPO) DRTER
Stamp	Place an	d date	
		(- 3)	
	2. Certificate of the control of the	EUR. 1 See notes overleaf I 2. Certificate used in preference (Insert appropriate countrie) 4. Country, group of countrie or territory in which the products are considered a originating 7. Remarks 12. DECLAR I, the undescribed for the is Stamp Place an	EUR. 1 See notes overleaf before completing this form 2. Certificate used in preferential trade between and (Insert appropriate countries, groups or countries or ten 4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating 7. Remarks 9. Gross mass (kg) or other measure (litres, m³, etc.) 12. DECLARATION BY THE EXPO 1, the undersigned, declare to described above meet the confor the issue of this certificate Stamp Place and date (Signature)

13. REQUEST FOR VERIFICATION, to:	14. RESULT OF VERIFICATION,
	Verification carried out shows that this certificate (1)
	was issued by the customs office indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate.
	does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see remarks appended)
Verification of the authenticity and accuracy of this certificate is requested.	
(Place and date)	(Place and date)
Stamp	Stamp
(Signature)	(Signature)
	(1) Insert X in the appropriate box.

NOTES

- Certificates must not contain erasures or words written over one another. Any alterations must be made by deleting the incorrect particulars and adding any necessary
 corrections. Any such alteration must be initialed by the person who completed the certificate and endorsed by the customs authorities of the issuing country or territory.
- No spaces must be left between the items entered on the certificate and each item must be preceded by an item number. A horizontal line must be drawn immediately below the last item. Any unused space must be struck through in such a manner as to make any later additions impossible.
- 3. Goods must be described in accordance with commercial practice and with sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE EUR.1

1. Exporter (Name, full address, country)	EUR. 1 No A 000.000		
	See notes overleaf before completing this form		form
	2. Application for a certif preferential trade betwee		ed in
	and		
	(insert appropriate countries or territories)	countries, grou	ups of
3. Consignee (Name,full address,country) (Optional)			
	4.Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating	5.Country, g countries or destination	group of territory of
6. Transport details (Optional)	7.Remarks		
8. Item number; Marks and numbers: No packeges (1); Description of goods	umber and kind of	9.Gross weight(kg) or other measure (litres, m³,etc.)	10.Invoices (Optional)

(1) If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state "in bulk" as appropriate

DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER

I, the undersig	ened, exporter of the goods described overleaf,
DECLARE	that the goods meet the conditions required for the issue of the attached certificate;
SPECIFY conditions:	as follows the circumstances which have enabled these goods to meet the above
SUBMIT 	the following supporting documents ¹ :
required, to ag	to submit, at the request of the appropriate authorities, any supporting evidence uthorities may require for the purpose of issuing the attached certificate, and undertake, if gree to any inspections of my accounts and to any check on the processes of manufacture goods, carried out by the said authorities;
REQUEST	the issue of the attached certificate for these goods.
	(Place and date)
	(Signature)
	(Digitator)

⁽¹⁾ For example, import documents, movement certificates, manufacturer's declarations, etc. referring to the products used in manufacture or to the goods re-exported in the same state.

ANNEX IV (d) TO ANNEX IV Invoice declaration

The invoice declaration, the text of which is given below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

Macedonian version:
Извозникот на производите што ги покрива овој документ (царинско одобрение бр ⁽¹⁾) изјавува дека, освен ако тоа не е јасно поинаку назначено, овие производи имаат
English version: The exporter of the products covered by this document (customs authorization No ⁽¹⁾) declares that, except where otherwise clearly indicated, these products are of preferential origin ⁽²⁾ .
Serbian version:
Извозник производа обухваћених овом исправом (царинско овлашћење бр ⁽¹⁾) изјављује да су, осим ако је то другачије изричито наведено, ови производи ⁽²⁾ преференцијалног порекла.
Izvoznik proizvoda obuhvaćenih ovom ispravom (carinsko ovlašćenje br
Albanian version: Ekposrtuesi i produkteve që përfshihen nga ky dokument (Numri i autorizimit doganor (1)) deklaron që: përveç rasteve ku tregohet qartesisht ndryshe, këto produkte janë me origjinë(2) preferenciale.
(3)
(Place and date)
(4)
(Signature of the exporter; in addition the name of the person signing the declaration has to be indicated in clear script)

- (1) When the invoice declaration is made out by an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 22 of this Annex, the authorisation number of the approved exporter must be entered in this space. When the invoice declaration is not made out by an approved exporter, the words in brackets shall be omitted or the space left blank.
- (2) Origin of products to be indicated.
- (3) These indications may be omitted if the information is contained on the document itself.
- (4) See Article 21 (5) of the Annex. In cases where the exporter is not required to sign, the exemption of signature also implies the exemption of the name of the signatory.

ANNEX V (e) TO ANNEX IV

The Parties agree to attend to the continuation of the implementation of the harmonized preferential rules of origin in accordance with the practice of the European Community.

Joint Declaration concerning the review of the changes to the origin rules as a result of the amendments to the Harmonized System

Where, following the amendments made to the nomenclature, the changes to the origin rules as introduced by a decision of Joint Committee alter the substance of any rule existing prior to that decision, and it appears that such alteration results in a situation prejudicial to the interest of the sectors concerned, then, if one of the Parties so requests in the period up to and including 31 December 2005, an examination shall be made as a matter of urgency by the Joint Committee, of the need to restore the substance of the rule concerned as it was before that decision.

In any case the Joint Committee shall decide to restore, or not to restore, the substance of the rule concerned within a period of three months of the request being made to it by either Party to the Interim Agreement.

If the substance of the rule concerned is restored, then the Parties to the Interim Agreement shall also provide the legal framework necessary to ensure that any customs duties paid on the products concerned imported after the entry into force of the Interim Agreement can be reimbursed.

ANNEX V Refers to Paragraph 3 of Article 29 of this Interim Free Trade Agreement

PROTECTION OF INTELECTUAL PROPERTY

The multilateral Agreements mentioned in Paragraph 1 of Article 29 are the following:

- 1. Paris Convention of 20 March 1883 for the protection of Intellectual Property (Stockholm Act, 1967 as amended in 1979);
- 2. Bern Convention of 9 September 1886 for the Protection of Literary and Artistic works (Paris act, 1971);
- 3. International Convention of 26 October 1961 for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organizations (Rome conventions);
- 4. Madrid Agreement concerning the International Registration of Marks (Stockholm Act 1967 as amended in 1979);
- 5. Budapest Treaty of the International Recognition of the Deposit of Microorganisms for the purpose of patent procedure (1977 as amended in 1980);
- 6. Patent co-operation Treaty (Washington, 1970 amended in 1979 and modified in 1984);
- 7. Convention establishing the World Intellectual Property Organization (Stockholm Act, 1967 as amended in 1979);
- 8. Convention for protection of Producers of Phonograms against Un-authorized copying of their Phonograms (Geneva 1971);
- 9. Hague Agreement Concerning International Deposit of Industrial Designs (Hague 1925, as amended 1960 and Stockholm 1967).
- 10. Nice Agreement Concerning the International Classification of Goods and Services for the Purposes of the Registration of Marks.
- 11. Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks (Stockholm Act, 1967 as amended in 1979).
- 12. Strasburg Agreement Concerning the International Patent Classification (1971, as amended 1979).
- 13. WTO Agreement on trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights, signed at Marrakech, on 5 April 1994 (TRIPS agreement).
- 14. WIPO Copyright Treaty 1996.

- 15. WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty 1996.
- 16. Universal Copyright Convention, 1952.
- 17. Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite, 1974.
- 18. Locarno Agreement establishing an International Classification for Industrial Design, 1968, as amended in 1979.



09-3320/1 August 31, 2005 Skopje

Dear Sir.

Re: Interim FTA between the Republic of Macedonia and UNMIK

On behalf of the Government of the Republic of Macedonia I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of today's date regarding the conclusion of the Interim Free Trade Agreement between the Republic of Macedonia and UNMIK (referred to as "the Parties" in the Agreement), together with the attached text of the Agreement.

I consider that your letter and this letter in reply constitute an agreement between the Government of the Republic of Macedonia and UNMIK, and equivalent of signature of the abovementioned Agreement, which will enter into force on the date of Macedonia's notification that all the necessary internal procedures for its entry into force have been met. In addition, I would like to confirm that the Government of the Republic of Macedonia agrees with the provisional implementation of this Agreement on behalf of UNMIK, as of date of its conclusion, before its entry into force.

Furthermore, I would like to confirm the joint understanding between both Parties that this Agreement supersedes any former arrangement in the area regulated by it.

Please accept, Sir, the assurances of my highest consideration.

Minčo Jordanov

Deputy Prime Minister of the

Government of the Republic of Macedonia

H. E. Soren Jessen-Petersen

Special representative of the Secretary General

Of the United Nations

UNMIK

Hindenska bb, 1000 Skopje, + 389 (0)2 3134211 (tel); + 389 (0)2 3221506 (fax); http://www.ylada.mk

UNITED NATIONS United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo



NATIONS UNIES Mission d'Administration Intérimaire des Nations Unies au Kosovo

31 August 2005

Excellency,

I have the honour to refer to the successful conclusion of the negotiations on an Interim Free Trade Agreement between Your Government and the United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK), on 28 June 2005 in Pristina.

Under Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) of 10 June 1999, UNMIK was established with a mandate to provide interim administration for Kosovo. Where appropriate and necessary to fulfil its mandate, UNMIK may develop arrangements with relevant States and international organizations in order to establish a proper legal basis for achieving objectives of mutual interest. In areas falling within the competencies of the Provisional Institutions of Self-Government (PISG), UNMIK acts on behalf of the PISG.

I welcome that Your Government and UNMIK have agreed to establish such arrangement in the field of trade cooperation, on the terms set out in this letter and the Interim Free Trade Agreement attached.

I therefore propose that this letter and the Interim Free Trade Agreement attached, and your reply confirming the acceptance of Your Government of the contents thereof, shall constitute an agreement between UNMIK and Your Government, referred to as the "Parties" in the Interim Free Trade Agreement.

This agreement, reflected in this exchange of letters, shall enter into force on the date of your notification that all necessary internal procedures for its entry into force have been met. For UNMIK, I would like to confirm that all necessary internal procedures for its entry into force have been fulfilled with this letter.

His Excellency Mr. Mincho Jordanov Deputy Prime Minister Skopje UNMIK will apply the agreement provisionally with immediate effect after signature by both Parties, pending finalisation of Your ratification procedures.

This letter and the Interim Free Trade Agreement attached hereto shall supersede any former arrangement in the area regulated by it. As set out in Art. 40 (1) of the attached Interim Free Trade Agreement, this Agreement will cease to be valid on the date of the expiration of UNMIK's mandate pursuant to a decision of the UN Security Council.

I take this opportunity to express gratitude to Your Government for the cooperation provided to UNMIK in facilitating these tasks.

Please accept, Excellency, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Initialled for the Provisional Institutions of Self-Government by the Minister of Trade and Industry

By

Signed for UNMIK by

Søren Jessen-Petersen

Special Representative of the Secretary-General